L22 9 S L16 AND L20

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:45:06 ON 02 AUG 2007 L23 76956 S BA/ELS NOT C/ELS

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 13:04:24 ON 02 AUG 2007

- L24 271959 S L23
- L25 120 S L8 AND L24 AND L13
- L26 24 S L25 AND L14
- L27 26 S L25 AND L15
- L28 8 S (L26 OR L27) AND L20
- L29 19 S L25 AND L20
- L30 20 S L18 OR L21 OR L22 OR L28
- L31 16 S (L17 OR L29) NOT L30
- L32 16 S (L26 OR L27) NOT (L30 OR L31)
- L33 19 S 1840-2004/PY,PRY AND L30
- L34 15 S 1840-2004/PY,PRY AND L31
- L35 14 S 1840-2004/PY,PRY AND L32

=> FILE HCA

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 13:14:26 ON 02 AUG 2007 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> D L33 1-19 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 144:401663 HCA Full-text

TI Nanostructured coating and coating method

IN Valle, Karine; Belleville, Philippe; Wittmann-Teneze, Karine; Bianchi, Luc; Blein, Franck

PA Commissariat a l'Energie Atomique, Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE

PI WO 2006043006 A1 20060427 WO 2005-FR50870

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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

FR 2877015 A1 20060428 FR 2004-52390

200410

21

EP 1802783 A1 2

A1 20070704 EP 2005-815486

200510

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R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

PRAI FR 2004-52390 A 20041021 <--WO 2005-FR50870 W 20051020

AB The invention relates to a method for coating a surface with nanoparticles, to a nanostructured coating that can be obtained by using this method, and to a device for carrying out the inventive method. The method is characterized in that it involves an injection of a colloidal sol of these nanoparticles into a plasma jet that projects these onto the surface. The device comprises plasma torch, at least one reservoir contg. the colloidal sol of nanoparticles; a device for fixing and displacing the substrate (S), and; an injection system for injecting the colloidal sol into the plasma jet of the plasma torch. The invention can be used in optical, electronic, and energy (battery, thermal barrier) devices comprising a nanostructured coating that can be obtained by using the aforementioned method.

IT 1304-28-5P, Barium oxide, properties 1313-13-9P,

Manganese oxide (MnO2), properties 13463-67-7P,

Titanium oxide (TiO2), properties

(nanostructured coating and coating method)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 13463-67-7 HCA CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Ti = 0

CC 75-1 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)

Section cross-reference(s): 66, 73, 76

IT Coating materials

Coating process

Colloids

Doping

Electric apparatus

Jets

Nanoparticles

Nanostructures

Optical instruments

Plasma

Primary batteries

Secondary batteries

Semiconductor devices

Sol-gel processing

Sols

(nanostructured coating and coating method)

IT 1304-28-5P, Barium oxide, properties 1306-38-3P, Cerium oxide (CeO2), properties 1308-04-9P, Cobalt oxide (Co2O3) 1308-38-9P, Chromia, properties 1309-37-1P, Iron oxide (Fe2O3), properties 1309-48-4P, Magnesium oxide (MgO), properties 1312-43-2P, Indium oxide (In2O3) 1313-13-9P, Manganese oxide (MnO2), properties 1313-96-8P, Niobium oxide (Nb2O5) 1313-99-1P, Nickel oxide, properties 1314-08-5P, Palladium oxide 1314-13-2P, Zinc oxide (ZnO), properties 1314-20-1P, Thoria, properties 1314-23-4P, Zirconium oxide (ZrO2), properties 1314-35-8P, Tungsten oxide (WO3), properties 1314-36-9P, Yttrium oxide (Y2O3), properties 1314-61-0P, Tantalum oxide (Ta2O5) 1314-62-1P, Vanadia, properties 1317-34-6P, Manganese oxide (Mn2O3) 1317-35-7P, Manganese oxide (Mn3O4)

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1317-61-9P, Iron oxide (Fe3O4), properties 1332-37-2P, Iron oxide,
properties 1335-25-7P, Lead oxide 1344-28-1P, Aluminum oxide
(Al2O3), properties 1344-70-3P, Copper oxide 1345-13-7P, Cerium
oxide (Ce2O3) 7440-02-0P, Nickel, properties 7440-05-3P.
Palladium, properties 7440-06-4P, Platinum, properties
7440-16-6P, Rhodium, properties 7440-18-8P, Ruthenium, properties
7440-22-4P, Silver, properties 7440-57-5P, Gold, properties
7631-86-9P, Silicon oxide(SIO2), properties 11099-11-9P, Vanadium
oxide 11104-61-3P, Cobalt oxide 11113-84-1P, Ruthenium oxide
11129-60-5P, Manganese oxide 11129-89-8P, Platinum oxide
12018-34-7P, Chromium oxide (Cr3O4) 12036-10-1P, Ruthenium dioxide
12036-21-4P, Vanadium dioxide 12047-27-7P, Barium
titanate(batio3), properties 12055-23-1P, Hafnium oxide (HfO2)
12060-08-1P, Scandium oxide (Sc2O3) 12680-36-3P, Rhodium oxide
12770-85-3P, Europium oxide 13463-67-7P, Titanium
oxide (TiO2), properties 18282-10-5P, Tin oxide
(SnO2) 20667-12-3P, Silver oxide 37303-24-5P, Barium strontium
titanium oxide ((Ba,Sr)TiO3) 39403-39-9P, Gold
oxide 113229-22-4P, Lead titanium zirconium oxide ((Pb,Zr)TiO3)
169767-72-0P, Strontium oxide (Sr2O3)
 (nanostructured coating and coating method)
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RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 2 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 144:72309 HCA Full-text

TI Alkaline dry cells containing alkaline earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise

IN Yamakawa, Naoko; Takagi, Ryosuke; Yamamoto, Kenta; Enokiya, Tadaki; Tahara, Takumi

PA Sony Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A 20060105 JP 2004-237188 PI JP 2006004900 200408 17

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PRAI JP 2004-150320 Α 20040520 <---

The cells, having good leakage resistance and preventing valves from breaking on H(g) evolution, have AB MnO2-based cathode active masses and Zn-based anode active masses wherein Cu- or Zn alloy-based current collectors contg. (hydr)oxides of Mg, Ca, Ba, and/or Sr as additives and being coated with 0.050-0.80 µm-thick Sn are equipped. The Sn are formed by electroless plating.

IT 1304-28-5, Baria, uses 17194-00-2, Barium

hydroxide

(anode additives; alk. **dry cells** contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba == 0

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

НО-Ва-ОН

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(cathode active mass; alk. dry cells contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST hydrogen evolution internal pressure rise prevention dry cell; alk earth hydroxide current collector dry cell; leakage resistance alk dry cell

calcia contg; tin coated current collector alk dry

cell

IT Dry cell primary batteries

(alk.; alk. dry cells contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage)

IT Zinc alloy, base

(anode current collectors; alk. dry

cells contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and

suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage) IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses (anode active mass; alk. dry cells contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage) IT 1304-28-5, Baria, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1309-48-4, Magnesia, uses 1314-11-0, Strontia, uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hvdroxide (anode additives; alk. dry cells contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage) IT 7440-50-8, Copper, uses (anode current collectors; alk. dry cells contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage) IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses (cathode active mass; alk. dry cells contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage) IT 7440-31-5, Tin, uses (current collector plating layers; alk. dry cells contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage) L33 ANSWER 3 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 140:256341 HCA Full-text TI Battery with high electrode interfacial surface area IN Slezak, Philip J. PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp. CODEN: USXXCO DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 2 **DATE** PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PI US 2004058234 A1 20040325 US 2002-251002 200209 20

<--B2 20050322 US 6869727 A1 20040325 US 2003-376830 US 2004058235

200302

WO 2004027899 A2 20040401 WO 2003-US29360 200309

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17

WO 2004027899 A3 20050324

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE,

SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,

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NE, SN, TD, TG WO 2004027894 A2 20040401 WO 2003-US29436 200309

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WO 2004027894 A3 20041014

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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2003267282 A1 20040408 AU 2003-267282 200309

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AU 2003270765 A1 20040408 AU 2003-270765 200309

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EP 1540754 A2 20050615 EP 2003-749755 200309

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  EP 1543574
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                   A2
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PRAI US 2002-251002
                        A2 20020920 <--
  US 2003-376830
                         20030228 <--
                     Α
  WO 2003-US29360
                       W
                            20030917 <---
  WO 2003-US29436
                       W
                            20030917 <--
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AB An electrochem. battery cell in accordance with the invention has a high electrode interfacial surface area to improve high rate discharge capacity, and the shapes of the electrodes facilitate the manuf. of cells of high quality and reliability at high speeds suitable for large scale prodn. The interfacial surfaces of the solid body electrodes have radially extending lobes that increase the interfacial surface area. The lobes do not have sharp corners, and the concave areas formed between the lobes are wide open, to facilitate assembly of the separator and insertion of the other electrode into the concave areas without leaving voids between the separator and either electrode.

IT 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(Nb-doped; battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Ti = 0

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses

(battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O=== Mn=== O

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate

(battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

IC ICM H01M004-02 ICS H01M006-08 INCL 429164000; 429209000; 429206000

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery high electrode interfacial surface area

IT Battery electrodes

Primary batteries

Surface area

(battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

IT 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(Nb-doped; battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

IT 7440-03-1, Niobium, uses

(TiO2 doped with; battery with high electrode

interfacial surface area)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese

dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses

(battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 4 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 140:238481 HCA Full-text

TI Lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery

IN Neudecker, Bernd J.; Lanning, Bruce; Benson, Martin H.; Armstrong, Joseph H.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 30 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI US 2004048157 A1 20040311 US 2002-238905

200209

11

PRAI US 2002-238905

20020911 <--

The manuf. and use of multilayer thin-film batteries, such as inverted lithium-free batteries is AB explained. The present invention provides a battery that may include a lithium vanadium oxide LixV2Oy $(0 \le x \le 100, 0 \le y \le 5)$ pos. cathode or neg. anode. The present invention may also provide for a thin-film battery that may be formed on a wide variety of substrate materials and geometries.

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(dopant; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)

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RN 7440-39-3 HCA CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ва

RN 7440-66-6 HCA CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses (lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O = Mn = O

IC ICM H01M004-48

ICS H01M004-66; B05D005-12

INCL 429231200; 429231500; 429245000; 029623500; 427126300

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST lithium vanadium oxide thin film battery

IT Electric arc

(cathodic, deposition; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)

IT Vapor deposition process

(chem.; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)

IT Sputtering

(diode, reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Vapor deposition process

(electron-beam, reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Plasma

(evapn. assisted by; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Vapor deposition process

(ion plating, plasma assisted; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film

battery) IT Battery anodes **Battery** cathodes Molecular beam epitaxy **Primary batteries** (lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Vapor deposition process (photochem.; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Vapor deposition process (plasma, electron-beam directed, reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Alcohols, uses (polyhydric, support; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Laser radiation (pulsed, deposition; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Electron beam evaporation Magnetron sputtering (reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Ceramics Semiconductor materials (support; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Alloys, uses Glass, uses Metals, uses Polyamides, uses Polycarbonates, uses Polvesters, uses Polyimides, uses Polysiloxanes, uses Polyurethanes, uses Rubber, uses (support; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Evaporation (thermal, reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT Vapor deposition process (vacuum; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery) IT 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 11104-85-1, Molybdenum silicide 11105-01-4, Silicon nitride oxide 11115-87-0, Hafnium nitride 11116-16-8, Titanium nitride

11116-19-1, Yttrium carbide 11116-21-5, Yttrium nitride 11129-37-6, Hafnium carbide 11130-49-7, Chromium carbide 11130-73-7, Tungsten carbide 12007-23-7, Hafnium boride

12033-62-4, Tantalum nitride (TaN) 12033-89-5, Silicon nitride. uses 12069-94-2, Niobium carbide 12070-08-5, Titanium carbide 12070-10-9, Vanadium carbide (VC) 12070-14-3, Zirconium carbide (ZrC) 12626-44-7, Chromium silicide 12626-91-4, Molybdenum boride 12627-39-3, Tungsten boride 12627-41-7, Tungsten silicide 12627-57-5, Molybdenum carbide 12633-97-5, Aluminum nitride oxide 12648-34-9, Niobium nitride 12653-55-3, Chromium boride 12653-77-9, Niobium boride 12653-85-9, Tantalum boride 12653-88-2, Vanadium boride 12673-91-5, Titanium boride 12674-04-3, Vanadium nitride 12705-37-2, Chromium nitride 12738-91-9, Titanium silicide 12741-10-5, Zirconium boride 24304-00-5, Aluminum nitride 37189-51-8, Zirconium silicide 37245-81-1, Molybdenum nitride 37271-26-4, Titanium nitride oxide 37359-53-8, Tungsten nitride 39336-13-5, Niobium silicide 51680-51-4, Tantalum carbide 52037-56-6, Vanadium silicide 53801-50-6, Yttrium boride 60304-33-8, Hafnium silicide 102427-06-5, Yttrium silicide 107992-37-0, Silicon carbide (Si0-1C0-1) 113443-18-8, Silicon monoxide 119173-61-4, Zirconium nitride 184905-46-2, Lithium nitrogen phosphorus oxide (barrier layer; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)

- IT 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 12054-11-4, Cusn 12597-68-1, Stainless steel, uses 12767-50-9, Phosphor bronze (current collector; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)
- IT 7440-44-0, Diamond-like carbon, uses (diamond-like, barrier layer; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)
- IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-89-6, Iron, uses 7439-91-0, Lanthanum, uses 7439-92-1, Lead, uses 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-03-1, Niobium, uses 7440-09-7, Potassium, uses 7440-17-7, Rubidium, uses 7440-20-2, Scandium, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-23-5, Sodium, uses 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses 7440-25-7, Tantalum, uses 7440-28-0, Thallium, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium, uses 7440-33-7, Tungsten, uses 7440-36-0, Antimony, uses 7440-38-2, Arsenic, uses 7440-39-3, Barium, uses 7440-41-7, Bervllium, uses 7440-45-1, Cerium, uses 7440-46-2, Cesium, uses 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-56-4, Germanium, uses 7440-58-6, Hafnium, uses 7440-65-5, Yttrium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses 7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses 7440-74-6, Indium, uses 7723-14-0, Phosphorus, uses

(dopant; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)

- IT 1314-34-7, Vanadium trioxide 15060-59-0, Lithium vanadium oxide livo3 15593-56-3, Lithium vanadium oxide li3vo4 (lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)
- IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V2O5), uses 7439-88-5, Iridium, uses 7440-05-3, Palladium, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-42-8, Boron, uses 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses 7440-57-5, Gold, uses 10045-86-0, Iron phosphate fepo4 11126-15-1, Lithium vanadium oxide 12017-95-7, Chromium lithium manganese oxide CrLiMnO4 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide linio2 12031-95-7, Lithium titanium oxide li4ti5o12 12036-21-4, Vanadium oxide vo2 12037-42-2, Vanadium oxide v6o13 12039-13-3, Titanium disulfide 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn2o4 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide colio2 12359-27-2, Vanadyl phosphate 14024-11-4, Aluminum lithium chloride allicl4 15365-14-7, Iron lithium phosphate felipo4 39457-42-6, Lithium manganese oxide 55326-82-4, Lithium titanium sulfide litis2 66102-93-0, Cobalt lithium nitride 83348-01-0, Lithium vanadyl phosphate LiVOPO4 131500-40-8, Tin nitride oxide silicide 144769-06-2, Lead oxide PbO0-2 170171-06-9, Aluminum lithium fluoride allif4 199923-81-4, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide ((Al,Co)LiO2) 258511-25-0, Lithium manganese nitride 268747-59-7, Chromium manganese oxide Cr0.5Mn0.5O2 371148-86-6, Tin oxide SnO0-2 666836-39-1, Tin nitride (SnN0-1.33) 666836-40-4, Indium nitride (InN0-1) 666836-41-5, Zinc nitride (ZnN0-0.67) 666836-42-6, Copper nitride (CuN0-0.33) 666836-43-7, Nickel nitride (NiN0-0.33) 666836-44-8, Indium oxide (InO0-1.5) (lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)
- IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses (support; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)
- IT 7439-93-2, Lithium, processes 7440-62-2, Vanadium, processes 12031-80-0, Lithium oxide li2o2 12057-24-8, Lithium oxide (Li2O), processes 26134-62-3, Lithium nitride (Li3N) (target material; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)
- L33 ANSWER 5 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 140:131020 HCA Full-text
- TI Manganese(III) Chemistry in KOH Solutions in the Presence of Bi- or Ba-Containing Compounds and its Implications on the Rechargeability of γ-MnO2 in Alkaline Cells
- AU Im, D.; Manthiram, A.; Coffey, B.
- CS Materials Science and Engineering Program, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX, 78712, USA
- SO Journal of the Electrochemical Society (2003), 150(12), A1651-A1659

CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651

PB Electrochemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB The influence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. on the recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. electrolytes was studied with AA cells contg. cylindrical cathodes and flooded cells contg. thin-film type cathodes. In addn. to the electrochem. evaluation of the cells, the discharged cathodes were analyzed by x-ray diffraction after washing and drying. The incorporation of bismuth or barium into the cathodes was found to improve the cell cyclability, which is partly due to the suppression of electrochem. inactive phases such as birnessite (δ-MnO2) and hausmannite (Mn3O4). Chem. oxidn. reactions of Mn(OH)2 with H2O2 in KOH medium and non-redox reactions of Mn(III) acetate with KOH followed by an anal. of the solid and filtrate indicate that the Mn3+ ions, which were in equil. with the solid phases contg. Mn(III), disproportionated into Mn(II) compds. and Mn(IV) oxides. Reaction mechanisms involving Mn(III) compds. in KOH soln. and the role of bismuth or barium on those reactions are discussed.

IT 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(composite with MnO2/graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ -MnO2 in alk. cells)

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO- Ba- OH

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate

(composite with MnO2/graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

 $(\gamma$ -, composite with graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film)/optionally Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ -MnO2 in alk. cells)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 72, 75, 76

ST manganese oxide hydroxide secondary battery cathode KOH Bi Ba; rechargeable gamma MnO2 alk cell oxidn potential discharging XRD

IT Electric potential

(charging-discharge capacity-voltage behavior for **battery** cells; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ -MnO2 in alk. cells)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

(composite with MnO2/KOH/graphite/optionally and Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ -MnO2 in alk. cells)

IT Battery cathodes

(cylindrical and thin-film; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ -MnO2 in alk. cells)

IT Oxidation

Redox reaction

Secondary batteries

Valence

(storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bj- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ -MnO2 in alk. cells)

IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses

(composite with MnO2/KOH/PTFE (thin-film)/optionally and Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ -MnO2 in alk. cells)

IT 9002-84-0, PTFE

(composite with MnO2/KOH/graphite/optionally and Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ -MnO2 in alk. cells)

- IT 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (composite with MnO2/graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate (composite with MnO2/graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 1304-76-3P, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses (composite with MnO2/graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 7440-66-6, **Zinc**, uses (gelled, **anode**; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-**MnO2** in alk. cells)
- IT 1309-55-3, Hausmannite 66701-01-7, Birnessite (phase in cathode; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide 55070-72-9, Nickel oxide hydroxide (storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 14546-48-6D, Manganese, ion (Mn3+), compds., uses 16397-91-4D, Manganese, ion (Mn2+), compds., uses (storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide (KOH), uses (storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 12597-68-1, Stainless steel, uses (storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)

- IT 18933-05-6, Manganese hydroxide (Mn(OH)2) (storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 638-38-0, Manganese acetate 993-02-2, Manganese (III) acetate 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions (storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 12025-99-9, Manganese hydroxide oxide (Mn(OH)O)
 (β-, phase formed in cathode; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses (γ-, composite with graphite/KOH/PTFE (thinfilm)/optionally Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of γ-MnO2 in alk. cells)
- RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 6 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:122002 HCA Full-text

TI Mediated electrochemical oxidation of destruction of sharps

IN Carson, Roger W.; Bremer, Bruce W.

PA The C & M Group, Llc, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2003061714

A2 20030731 WO 2003-US2151 200301

24

<-- WO 2003061714 A3 20031113

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ,

TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2005103642

A1 20050519 US 2004-502439 200407

23

PRAI US 2002-350352P P 20020124 <--WO 2003-US2151 W 20030124 <--

AB A mediated electrochem. oxidn. process is used for sterilization/disinfection of contaminated instruments and infectious waste. Some sharps are decompd. into metallic ions in the anolyte, others are sterilized but not decompd., depending on the type of sharp. Contaminated instruments and wastes, solid or liq., are introduced into an app. for contacting the infectious waste with an electrolyte contg. the oxidized form of one or more reversible redox couples, at least one of which is produced at the anode of an **electrochem. cell.** The oxidized species of the redox couples oxidize the infectious waste mols. and are themselves converted to their reduced form, whereupon they are reoxidized by either of the aforementioned mechanisms and the redox cycle continues until all oxidizable infectious waste species have undergone the desired degree of oxidn. The entire process takes place at temps. between ambient and approx. 100 °C. The oxidn. process will be enhanced by the addn. of reaction enhancements, such as: ultrasonic energy and/or UV radiation.

IT 1304-29-6, Barium peroxide (Ba(O2)) 1313-13-9,

Manganese oxide (MnO2), processes 13463-67-7,

Titanium oxide (TiO2), processes

22541-12-4, processes

(electrochem. mediator; mediated electrochem. oxidn. of destruction of sharps, adding enhancements such as ultrasonic energy or UV radiation)

RN 1304-29-6 HCA

CN Barium peroxide (Ba(O2)) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Mn == 0

RN 13463-67-7 HCA CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Ti = 0

RN 22541-12-4 HCA CN Barium, ion (Ba2+) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba2+

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, processes 7440-66-6, Zinc,

processes

(incorporated into isopolyanion mediator; mediated electrochem. oxidn. of destruction of sharps, adding enhancements such as ultrasonic energy or UV radiation)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ва

RN 7440-66-6 HCA CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IC ICM A61L

CC 60-4 (Waste Treatment and Disposal)

Section cross-reference(s): 59

IT 71-47-6, Formate, processes 71-52-3, processes 302-04-5, Thiocyanate, processes 463-79-6, Carbonic acid, processes 563-69-9, Carbonoperoxoic acid 1301-96-8, Silver oxide (AgO) 1303-52-2, Gold hydroxide (Au(OH)3) 1303-58-8, Gold oxide (Au2O3) 1304-29-6, Barium peroxide (Ba(O2)) 1305-79-9, Calcium peroxide (Ca(O2)) 1306-38-3, Cerium oxide (CeO2), processes 1308-04-9, Cobalt oxide (Co2O3) 1308-14-1, Chromium hydroxide

(Cr(OH)3) 1308-38-9, Chromium oxide (Cr2O3), processes 1309-60-0, Lead oxide (PbO2) 1312-46-5, Iridium oxide (Ir2O3) 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), processes 1313-27-5, Molybdenum oxide (MoO3), processes 1313-96-8, Niobium oxide (Nb2O5) 1313-97-9, Neodymium oxide (Nd2O3) 1314-06-3. Nickel oxide (Ni2O3) 1314-15-4, Platinum oxide (PtO2) 1314-18-7, Strontium peroxide (Sr(O2)) 1314-22-3, Zinc peroxide (Zn(O2)) 1314-27-8, Lead oxide (Pb2O3) 1314-32-5, Thallium oxide (Tl2O3) 1314-35-8, Tungsten oxide (WO3), processes 1314-41-6, Lead oxide (Pb3O4) 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V2O5), processes 1317-36-8. Lead oxide (PbO), processes 1317-54-0, Ferrite (ferrospinel) 1344-55-4, Titanium oxide peroxide (TiO(O2)). 1344-58-7, Uranium oxide (UO3) 1345-13-7, Cerium oxide (Ce2O3) 2466-09-3, Diphosphoric acid 3812-32-6, Carbonate, processes 7601-90-3, Perchloric acid, processes 7722-86-3, Peroxymonosulfuric acid 7738-94-5, Chromic acid (H2CrO4) 7778-39-4, Arsenic acid (H3AsO4) 7782-68-5, Iodic acid (HIO3) 7782-91-4 7783-03-1 7783-08-6, Selenic acid 7789-31-3, Bromic acid 7790-92-3, Hypochlorous acid 7790-93-4, Chloric acid 10043-35-3, Boric acid (H3BO3), processes 10343-62-1. Metaphosphoric acid (HPO3) 10380-08-2, Triphosphoric acid 11116-47-5, Molybdate 11120-48-2, Telluric acid 12002-97-0, Silver oxide (Ag2O3) 12005-67-3, Americium oxide (AmO2) 12016-80-7, Cobalt hydroxide oxide (Co(OH)O) 12017-00-4, Cobalt oxide (CoO2) 12018-01-8, Chromium oxide (CrO2) 12019-06-6, Copper peroxide 12030-49-8, Iridium oxide (IrO2) 12030-50-1, Iridium oxide (IrO3) 12035-36-8, Nickel oxide (NiO2) 12036-04-3, Palladium oxide (PdO2) 12036-05-4, Praseodymium oxide (PrO2) 12036-10-1, Ruthenium oxide (RuO2) 12036-15-6, Terbium oxide (TbO2) 12036-32-7, Praseodymium oxide (Pr2O3) 12036-35-0, Rhodium oxide (Rh2O3) 12036-36-1, Ruthenium oxide (RuO3) 12036-41-8, Terbium oxide (Tb2O3) 12036-71-4 12048-50-9, Bismuth oxide (BiO2) 12054-72-7 12059-95-9, Plutonium oxide (PuO2) 12060-06-9, Ruthenium oxide (Ru2O3) 12125-54-1 12133-57-2, Cerium oxide (CeO3) 12134-79-1, Germanium hydroxide oxide (Ge(OH)2O) 12135-13-6, Mercury hydroxide (Hg(OH)2) 12135-42-1, Ruthenium hydroxide (Ru(OH)3) 12135-49-8 12137-27-8, Rhodium oxide (RhO2) 12137-44-9, Ruthenium oxide (Ru2O5) 12143-28-1, Polonium oxide (PoO3) 12165-03-6, Plutonium oxide (Pu2O5) 12168-64-8 12179-34-9 12181-34-9 12188-35-1 12254-53-4 12258-53-6 12298-67-8, Mercury peroxide (Hg(O2)) 12298-97-4, Zirconyl ion(2+) 12299-69-3 12299-76-2, Plumbate (Pb(OH)O1-) 12300-16-2 12311-78-3, Plutonium oxide (PuO3) 12323-66-9, Americyl ion(2+) 12401-90-0, Neodymium oxide (NdO2) 12447-33-5 12503-09-2 12529-60-1, Germanate (Ge5(OH)O101-) 12600-79-2, Zirconium oxide (Zr2O5) 12725-92-7, Platinum oxide (Pt2O3)

13444-71-8, Periodic acid (HIO4) 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide (TiO2), processes 13470-24-1 13517-11-8, Hypobromous acid 13598-52-2, Phosphoroperoxoic acid 13813-62-2, Tetraphosphoric acid 13825-81-5, Peroxydiphosphoric acid ([(HO)2P(O)]2O2) 13898-47-0, Chlorous acid 13907-45-4, Chromate (CrO42-) 13907-47-6, Chromate (Cr2O72-) 13981-20-9, Vanadate (VO31-) 14066-19-4, processes 14066-20-7, processes 14100-65-3, Borate (BO21-) 14124-67-5, Selenite 14124-68-6, Selenate 14127-61-8, processes 14213-97-9, Borate (BO33-) 14259-84-8 14265-44-2, Phosphate, processes 14265-45-3, Sulfite 14280-50-3, processes 14302-87-5, processes 14311-52-5 14332-21-9, Hypoiodous acid 14332-31-1, Niobium hydroxide oxide (Nb(OH)O2) 14333-13-2, Permanganate (MnO41-) 14333-18-7 14333-21-2 14333-22-3 14343-69-2, Azide 14380-62-2, Hypobromite 14452-57-4, Magnesium peroxide (Mg(O2)) 14546-48-6, processes 14627-67-9, processes 14701-21-4, processes 14701-22-5, processes 14797-55-8, Nitrate, processes 14797-65-0, Nitrite, processes 14797-73-0, Perchlorate 14808-79-8, Sulfate, processes 14866-68-3, Chlorate 14901-63-4, Phosphite 14913-52-1, processes 14996-02-2, processes 14998-27-7, Chlorite 14998-57-3 15046-91-0, processes 15056-35-6, Periodate (IO41-) 15065-65-3, Hypoiodite 15092-81-6, Peroxydisulfate ((SO3)2O22-) 15158-11-9, processes 15158-12-0, processes 15391-91-0 15438-31-0, processes 15454-31-6, Iodate (IO31-) 15541-45-4, Bromate 15543-40-5, processes 15584-04-0, Arsenate (AsO43-) 15596-54-0 15785-09-8, Cerium hydroxide (Ce(OH)3) 15845-23-5, Tellurate (TeO42-) 15906-92-0 16065-83-1, processes 16065-84-2, processes 16065-88-6, processes 16065-89-7, processes 16065-90-0, processes 16065-92-2, processes 16397-91-4, processes 16408-24-5 16469-16-2, Praseodymium hydroxide (Pr(OH)3) 16518-47-1 16637-16-4, Uranyl ion(2+) 16844-87-4 16887-00-6, Chloride, processes 18252-79-4 18282-10-5, Tin oxide (SnO2) 18923-26-7, processes 19445-25-1, Perbromic acid 19583-16-5, Cuprate (CuO21-) 20074-52-6, processes 20334-17-2, processes 20427-56-9 20461-54-5, Iodide, processes 20499-55-2, Iodite (IO21-) 20561-59-5, processes 20611-56-7, Tungsten hydroxide oxide peroxide (W(OH)2O(O2)) 20681-14-5, processes 21057-99-8, Neptunyl ion(1+) 21132-88-7 21563-95-1, Niobate (NbO31-) 21792-06-3, Arsenenate 21879-62-9, processes 22119-26-2 22537-22-0, processes 22537-39-9, processes 22537-50-4, processes 22537-56-0, processes 22537-58-2, processes **22541-12-4**, processes 22541-14-6, processes 22541-20-4, processes 22541-25-9, processes 22541-44-2, processes 22541-46-4, processes 22541-53-3, processes 22541-58-8, processes 22541-59-9, processes 22541-60-2, processes

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22541-63-5, processes 22541-64-6, processes 22541-70-4,
   processes 22541-88-4, processes 22542-10-5, processes
   22555-00-6, processes 22569-48-8 22840-44-4, Ferrate (Fe(OH)O1-)
  22853-00-5, Plutonyl ion(2+) 22878-02-0, Americyl ion(1+)
   22890-32-0, Germanate (GeO32-) 22967-56-2, Plutonyl ion(1+)
  23078-02-6, Niobium oxide peroxide (NbO2(O2H)) 23689-41-0
  23713-49-7, processes 24573-97-5, Chromate (CrO33-) 24959-67-9,
  Bromide, processes 25141-14-4 26398-91-4, Borate (B2O54-)
  26404-66-0, Peroxynitric acid 26450-38-4 27641-41-4,
  Peroxydicarbonic acid 27805-32-9 30770-97-9, Iodous acid (HIO2)
  31865-44-8 34274-25-4 35366-11-1, Argentate (AgO1-)
    (electrochem. mediator; mediated electrochem. oxidn. of
    destruction of sharps, adding enhancements such as ultrasonic
    energy or UV radiation)
IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, processes 7439-88-5, Iridium, processes
  7439-89-6, Iron, processes 7439-92-1, Lead, processes 7439-93-2,
  Lithium, processes 7439-95-4, Magnesium, processes 7439-96-5.
  Manganese, processes 7439-97-6, Mercury, processes 7439-98-7,
  Molybdenum, processes 7440-02-0, Nickel, processes 7440-03-1,
  Niobium, processes 7440-04-2, Osmium, processes 7440-05-3,
  Palladium, processes 7440-06-4, Platinum, processes 7440-09-7,
  Potassium, processes 7440-15-5, Rhenium, processes 7440-16-6,
  Rhodium, processes 7440-17-7, Rubidium, processes 7440-18-8,
  Ruthenium, processes 7440-20-2, Scandium, processes 7440-21-3,
  Silicon, processes 7440-22-4, Silver, processes 7440-23-5,
  Sodium, processes 7440-24-6, Strontium, processes 7440-25-7,
  Tantalum, processes 7440-26-8, Technetium, processes 7440-31-5.
  Tin, processes 7440-32-6, Titanium, processes 7440-33-7,
  Tungsten, processes 7440-36-0, Antimony, processes 7440-38-2.
  Arsenic, processes 7440-39-3, Barium, processes
  7440-41-7, Beryllium, processes 7440-42-8, Boron, processes
  7440-43-9, Cadmium, processes 7440-46-2, Cesium, processes
  7440-47-3, Chromium, processes 7440-48-4, Cobalt, processes
  7440-50-8, Copper, processes 7440-56-4, Germanium, processes
  7440-57-5, Gold, processes 7440-58-6, Hafnium, processes
  7440-62-2, Vanadium, processes 7440-65-5, Yttrium, processes
  7440-66-6, Zinc, processes 7440-67-7, Zirconium, processes
  7440-69-9, Bismuth, processes 7440-70-2, Calcium, processes
  7553-56-2, Iodine, processes 7704-34-9, Sulfur, processes
  7723-14-0, Phosphorus, processes 7726-95-6, Bromine, processes
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(incorporated into isopolyanion mediator; mediated electrochem. oxidn. of destruction of sharps, adding enhancements such as ultrasonic energy or UV radiation)

7727-37-9, Nitrogen, processes 7782-41-4, Fluorine, processes 7782-49-2, Selenium, processes 7782-50-5, Chlorine, processes

13494-80-9, Tellurium, processes

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L33 ANSWER 7 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 139:71602 HCA Full-text
TI Additive for alkaline batteries
IN Christian, Paul A.; Davis, Stuart M.; Mezini, Tatjana
PA The Gillette Company, USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                    APPLICATION NO.
                                                          DATE
PI WO 2003054988
                      A2 20030703 WO 2002-US39649
                                   200212
                                   11
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  WO 2003054988
                     A3 20040722
    W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
      CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,
      GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
      LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,
      NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ,
      TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
    RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
      BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
      EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK,
      TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,
      TD, TG
  US 2003134199
                    A1 20030717 US 2001-22272
                                   200112
                                   20
  US 674045.1
                  B2 20040525
  AU 2002351363
                    A1
                         20030709 AU 2002-351363
                                   200212
                                   11
  EP 1466373
                  A2 20041013 EP 2002-787020
                                   200212
                                   11
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK CN 1630957 A 20050622 CN 2002-825471

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200212

11

JP 2006502528

T 20060119

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JP 2003-555606

200212

11

BR 2002015087

<--A 20061128

BR 2002-15087

200212

11

PRAI US 2001-22272

A1 20011220 <--

WO 2002-US39649

W 20021211 <--

AB An alk. battery includes a cathode including Ni oxyhydroxide and a gold salt, an anode including zinc, a separator between the cathode and the anode, and an alk. electrolyte. The Ni oxyhydroxide includes β - and γ -Ni oxyhydroxide. Gold salt is selected from Au(III) oxide, Au(III) hydroxide, and Au(III) acetate.

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(additive for alk. batteries)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide (BaO), uses

1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7727-43-7,

Barium sulfate 7787-36-2, Barium permanganate

12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide

batio3, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide bafeo4 17194-00-2,

Barium hydroxide

(additive for alk. batteries)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba = 0

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Ва

RN 7787-36-2 HCA

CN Permanganic acid (HMnO4), barium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●1/2 Ba

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Ti = 0

RN 13773-23-4 HCA

CN Barium iron oxide (BaFeO4) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Com	ponent ======		·		
0	Ļ	4	17778-80-2	·	
Ba		1	7440-39-3		
Fe		1	7439-89-6		

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

НО-Ва-ОН

IC ICM H01M004-52

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery alk electrode additive

IT Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(additive for alk. batteries)

IT Primary batteries

(button-type; additive for alk. batteries)

IT 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide (additive for alk. batteries)

- IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 55070-72-9, Nickel hydroxide oxide (additive for alk. batteries)
- IT 1301-96-8, Silver oxide Ago 1303-52-2, Gold hydroxide au(oh)3 1303-58-8, Gold oxide au2o3 1303-61-3, Gold sulfide au2s3 1304-28-5, Barium oxide (BaO), uses 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide (CdO), uses 1306-38-3, Cerium oxide ceo2, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide (MgO), uses 1309-64-4, Antimony oxide

(Sb2O3), uses 1312-43-2, India 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses 1314-13-2,

Zinc oxide, uses 1314-37-0, Ytterbia 7440-57-5D, Gold, salt 7446-07-3, Tellurium oxide (TeO2), 7487-88, 9, Magnesium sulfi

7446-07-3, Tellurium oxide (TeO2) 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, uses 7681-52-9, Sodium hypochlorite Naocl 7722-64-7, Potassium

permanganate 7727-21-1, Potassium persulfate 7727-43-7,

Barium sulfate 7775-27-1, Sodium persulfate 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate 7787-36-2, Barium

permanganate 7789-75-5, Calcium fluoride, uses 7790-75-2,

Calcium tungsten oxide cawo4 12036-44-1, Thulium oxide

12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide

batio3, uses 12049-50-2, Calcium titanium oxide

catio3 12060-58-1, Samaria 12060-59-2, Strontium

titanium oxide srtio3 12061-16-4, Erbia 12064-62-9, Gadolinia 12672-51-4, Cobalt hydroxide 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide bafeo4 14857-02-4, Calcium silicate casi2o5 16469-22-0, Yttrium hydroxide 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 20427-58-1, Zinc hydroxide 20548-54-3, Calcium sulfide (CaS) 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (Ag2O) 20731-62-8, Thulium sulfate 51305-35-2, Gold acetate 61701-27-7, Cobalt hydroxide oxide (additive for alk. batteries) IT 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses (conductive; additive for alk. batteries) IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses (dopant; additive for alk. batteries) L33 ANSWER 8 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 139:24152 HCA Full-text TI Anodic zinc for use in an alkaline

battery

IN Kainthla, Ramesh C.; Manko, David J.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PI US 2003113630 A1 20030619 US 2001-6793

200112

06

WO 2003050906

A1 20030619 WO 2002-US29564 200209

18

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,

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EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR,
       BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD.
       TG
   AU 2002327651
                       A1 20030623 AU 2002-327651
                                      200209
                                      18
                            <--
PRAI US 2001-6793
                        Α
                             20011206 <---
   WO 2002-US29564
                        W
                             20020918 <--
       An anodic zinc electrode is disclosed for use in an electrochem. cell comprising: a current collector;
AB
       and an active material compn. applied to the current collector, wherein the active material compn.
       includes Zn and ZnO, and wherein the wt. ratio of the Zn to ZnO ranges from approx. 1-2 to approx. 1
       which enables the anodic zinc electrode to be assocd. with an electrochem. cell assembled in a charged
       or discharged state.
IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses
    (anodic zinc for use in alk. battery
    )
RN 1313-13-9 HCA
CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)
 0 = Mn = 0
IT 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide
    (anodic zinc for use in alk. battery
RN 17194-00-2 HCA
CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)
 HO− Ва− ОН
IC ICM H01M004-42
  ICS H01M004-62; H01M004-54; H01M004-52
INCL 429231000; 429229000; 429217000; 429059000; 429219000; 429223000
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
ST anodic zinc alk battery
IT Battery anodes
  Primary batteries
  Secondary batteries
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(anodic zinc for use in alk. battery

)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

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(anodic zinc for use in alk. battery
IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide (K(OH)), uses 1310-65-2, Lithium
  hydroxide (Li(OH)) 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses
   1313-99-1, Nickel oxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide (ZnO), uses
   7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 7440-66-6,
   Zinc, uses 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide 20667-12-3,
   Silver oxide
    (anodic zinc for use in alk. battery
IT 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses 1305-62-0, Calcium
  hydroxide, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide (CdO), uses 1309-42-8,
   Magnesium hydroxide 1312-43-2, Indium oxide (In2O3) 1317-36-8,
   Lead oxide (PbO), uses 9002-84-0, Ptfe 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl
   alcohol 9004-32-4, Cmc sodium salt 13327-32-7, Beryllium
  hydroxide 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide 18480-07-4,
  Strontium hydroxide 98966-86-0, Radium hydroxide ra(oh)2
    (anodic zinc for use in alk. battery
L33 ANSWER 9 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 137:96217 HCA Full-text
TI Silver Mediation of Fe(VI) Charge Transfer: Activation of the K2FeO4
  Super-iron Cathode
AU Licht, Stuart; Naschitz, Vera; Ghosh, Susanta
CS Department of Chemistry and Institute of Catalysis Science,
  Technion-Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, 32000, Israel
SO Journal of Physical Chemistry B (2002), 106(23), 5947-5955
  CODEN: JPCBFK; ISSN: 1089-5647
PB American Chemical Society
DT Journal
LA English
AB
       An unexpectedly large Ag(II) mediation of Fe(VI) redox chem. improves alk. Fe(VI) cathodic charge
       transfer. Combined with a Zn anode, this results in a cell with 3- to 5-fold higher energy capacity than
       the conventional high-power Zn/MnO2 alk, battery, and twice that previously obsd. for Zn/BaFeO4.
       Both exptl. results and a model of this phenomenon are presented. The Ag(II) salt may be introduced
       as a simple composite of AgO with the Fe(VI) salt. The Fe(VI) super-iron salt K2FeO4 has a high 3e-
       intrinsic charge capacity (406 mA/g), and is more environmentally benign than the Fe(VI) salt BaFeO4.
       but had exhibited comparatively poor charge transfer. Successful AgO cathodic activation of both
```

K2FeO4 and BaFeO4 redox chem. are presented. Various other K2FeO4 activators are also studied. An obsd. interaction of Fe(VI) with Mn(VII/VI) can improve charge efficiency of a K2FeO4 composite with KMnO4 or BaMnO4, albeit not to the extent obsd. in an K2FeO4/AgO composite cathode. The extent of an activation effect of oxides, hydroxides, and titanate salts, as well as KMnO4, BaMnO4,

AgMnO4, and fluorinated graphites, on the cathodic discharge of K2FeO4 are probed.

IT 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (composite cathode contg.; activation of potassium ferrate

super-iron cathode by silver oxide mediation of charge transfer for **batteries**)

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

НО— Ва— ОН

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 72

ST potassium ferrate cathode activation silver oxide mediation charge transfer; battery potassium ferrate cathode activation

IT Battery cathodes

Electron transfer

(activation of potassium ferrate super-iron cathode by silver oxide mediation of charge transfer for batteries)

IT 13773-23-4, Barium ferrate (BaFeO4)
(activation of barium ferrate cathode by silver oxide mediation of charge transfer for **batteries**)

IT 13718-66-6, Potassium ferrate (K2FeO4)
(activation of potassium ferrate super-iron cathode by silver oxide mediation of charge transfer for **batteries**)

IT 1301-96-8, Silver oxide (AgO)
(activation of potassium ferrate super-iron cathode by silver oxide mediation of charge transfer for batteries)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses 7722-64-7, Potassium permanganate 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate (AgMnO4) 7787-35-1, Barium manganese oxide (BaMnO4) 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide 21351-79-1, Cesium hydroxide (composite cathode contg.; activation of potassium ferrate super-iron cathode by silver oxide mediation of charge transfer for batteries)

RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 10 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 136:21977 HCA Full-text

TI Doped manganese dioxides for use in battery electrodes

IN Feddrix, Frank H.; Donne, Scott W.; Devenney, Martin; Gorer, Alexander

PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

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LA English
FAN.CNT 2
  PATENT NO.
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KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2001093348

A2 20011206 WO 2001-US17737

200106

01

WO 2001093348 A3 20020606

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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2001065294

A5 20011211 AU 2001-65294

200106

01

EP 1297581

A2 20030402 EP 2001-939817

200106

01

EP 1297581

B1 20050309

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,

PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR T

JP 2003535013

20031125 JP 2002-500465

200106

01

AT 290721

20050315 AT 2001-939817 Τ

200106

01

US 2003215712

A1 20031120 US 2003-296899

200305

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HK 1052082

<--20050805 **A**1

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HK 2003-104084

200306

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PRAI US 2000-208610P P 20000601 <---WO 2001-US17737 W 20010601 <---

AB This invention relates to batteries and, more particularly, to battery electrodes comprised of manganese dioxide doped with at least one element. In one aspect, the invention is a doped manganese dioxide useful as an active electrode material in both thin film and cylindrical batteries. The doped manganese dioxides provide several potential benefits, including improved electrochem. performance as compared with conventional manganese dioxides. The doped manganese dioxides of this invention comprise manganese, oxygen, and at least one dopant deliberately incorporated into the at. structure of the manganese dioxide. The doped Mn dioxide electrode materials may be produced by a wet chem. method (CMD) or may be prepd. electrolytically (EMD) using a soln. contg. Mn sulfate, H2SO4, and a dopant, in which the dopant is present in an amt. of at least .apprx.25 ppm.

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(anode material; doped manganese dioxides for use in battery electrodes)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 378248-77-2, Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (doped manganese dioxides for use in battery electrodes)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 378248-77-2 HCA

CN Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Compo	onent	Ratio	Component	
		Registry Number		
	======	=+====		+======================================
O	1.9	- 2	17778-80-2	
Ba	0 -	0.01	7440-39-3	
Mn	0.9	9 - 1	7439-96-5	

IC ICM H01M

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 57, 76
- ST doping manganese oxide battery electrode
- IT Battery electrodes

Dopants

Doping

Electrodeposition

Primary batteries

(doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes)

IT Coating process

(plating; doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(anode material; doped manganese dioxides for use in battery electrodes)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses

(battery electrolyte; doped manganese dioxides for use in battery electrodes)

- IT 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, reactions 7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate (doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes)
- IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 378248-51-2, Manganese borate oxide (Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-52-3, Magnesium manganese oxide (Mg0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378248-53-4, Aluminum manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378248-54-5, Manganese oxide silicate (Mn0.99-1O1.86-2(SiO4)0-0.01) 378248-55-6, Manganese oxide phosphate (Mn0.99-1O1.86-2(PO4)0-0.01) 378248-56-7, Manganese scandium oxide (Mn0.99-1Sc0-0.01O1.9-2) 378248-57-8, Manganese titanium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.01O1.9-
 - 2) 378248-58-9, Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn0.99-1V0-0.01O1.9-2)
 - 378248-59-0, Chromium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)
 - 378248-60-3, Iron manganese oxide (Fe0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
 - 378248-61-4, Cobalt manganese oxide (Co0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)
 - 378248-62-5, Manganese nickel oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2)
 - 378248-63-6, Copper manganese oxide (Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
 - 378248-64-7, Manganese zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01O1.9-2)
 - 378248-65-8, Gallium manganese oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)
 - 378248-66-9, Germanium manganese oxide (Ge0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
 - 378248-67-0, Manganese strontium oxide (Mn0.99-1Sr0-0.01O1.9-2)
 - 378248-68-1, Manganese yttrium oxide (Mn0.99-1Y0-0.01O1.9-2)
 - 378248-69-2, Manganese zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2)
 - 378248-70-5, Manganese niobium oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01O1.9-2)
 - 378248-71-6, Manganese ruthenium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01O1.9-2)
 - 378248-72-7, Manganese rhodium oxide (Mn0.99-1Rh0-0.01O1.9-2)

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378248-73-8, Manganese palladium oxide (Mn0.99-1Pd0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-74-9, Manganese silver oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-75-0, Indium manganese oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378248-76-1, Manganese tin oxide (Mn0.99-1Sn0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-77-2, Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378248-78-3, Cerium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378248-79-4, Hafnium manganese oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378248-80-7, Manganese tantalum oxide (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-81-8, Manganese rhenium oxide (Mn0.99-1Re0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-82-9, Manganese osmium oxide (Mn0.99-1Os0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-83-0, Iridium manganese oxide (Ir0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378248-84-1, Manganese platinum oxide (Mn0.99-1Pt0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-85-2, Gold manganese oxide (Au0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)
378248-86-3, Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2)
378248-87-4, Aluminum manganese nickel oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-
0.0101.9-2) 378248-88-5, Manganese nickel borate oxide
(Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-89-6, Manganese
zirconium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2)
378248-90-9, Manganese titanium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.01(BO3)0-
0.0101.87-2) 378248-91-0, Hafnium manganese borate oxide
(Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-92-1, Aluminum
manganese tantalum oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-93-2, Manganese tantalum borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01(BO3)0-
0.0101.87-2) 378248-94-3, Manganese niobium borate oxide
(Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-95-4, Aluminum
manganese niobium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01O1.9-2)
378248-96-5, Manganese niobium zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01Zr0-
0.0101.9-2) 378248-97-6, Aluminum manganese zirconium oxide
(Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378248-98-7, Gallium manganese
zirconium oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378248-99-8,
Cerium manganese zirconium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2)
378249-00-4, Hafnium manganese zinc oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-
0.0101.9-2) 378249-01-5, Cerium manganese borate oxide
(Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378249-02-6, Gallium
manganese borate oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2)
378249-03-7. Cerium hafnium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-
101.9-2) 378249-04-8, Aluminum manganese borate oxide
(Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378249-05-9, Aluminum gallium
manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-06-0,
Manganese zinc borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2)
378249-07-1, Cerium manganese zinc oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-
0.01O1.9-2) 378249-08-2, Cerium gallium manganese oxide
(Ce0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-09-3, Aluminum hafnium
manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-10-6,
Hafnium manganese zirconium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2)
378249-11-7, Manganese zinc zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01Zr0-
```

0.0101.9-2) 378249-12-8, Gallium hafnium manganese oxide (Ga0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-13-9, Gallium manganese nickel oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-14-0, Manganese nickel zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-15-1, Gallium manganese silver oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-16-2, Indium manganese nickel oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-17-3, Hafnium manganese nickel oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-18-4, Indium manganese zirconium oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-19-5, Manganese silver borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01(BO3)0-0.0101.87-2) 378249-20-8, Aluminum manganese zinc oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-21-9, Gallium manganese zinc oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-22-0, Chromium manganese borate oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378249-23-1, Chromium manganese zinc oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-24-2, Aluminum chromium manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-25-3, Chromium indium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01In0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-26-4, Chromium gallium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-27-5, Chromium hafnium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-28-6, Manganese nickel silver oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-29-7, Aluminum manganese silver oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-30-0, Chromium manganese silver oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-31-1, Cerium chromium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-32-2, Chromium manganese zirconium oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-33-3, Manganese silver zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-34-4, Cerium manganese silver oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-35-5, Chromium copper manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-101.9-2) 378249-36-6, Copper manganese zirconium oxide (Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-37-7, Hafnium manganese silver oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-38-8, Manganese silver zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-39-9, Manganese ruthenium zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-40-2, Cerium manganese ruthenium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-41-3, Hafnium manganese ruthenium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-42-4, Aluminum manganese ruthenium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-43-5 378249-44-6, Aluminum cerium manganese titanium oxide (Al0-0.01Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-45-7 378249-46-8, Aluminum manganese nickel titanium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ti0-0.0101.9-2) 378249-47-9, Aluminum cerium manganese nickel oxide (Al0-0.01Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-49-1 378249-50-4, Hafnium manganese nickel zirconium oxide

(Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-51-5, Hafnium manganese zinc zirconium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-52-6 378249-53-7 378249-54-8 378253-12-4, Antimony manganese oxide (Sb0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378253-13-5, Chromium manganese nickel oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378253-14-6, Cerium manganese nickel titanium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ti0-0.01O1.9-2) (doped manganese dioxides for use in battery electrodes)

L33 ANSWER 11 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 134:59131 HCA Full-text

TI Performance enhancing additives for batteries

IN Jin, Zhihong; Kennedy, John H.

PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2000079622

A1 20001228 WO 2000-US17561 200006 21

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W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1194965 A1 20020410 EP 2000-941732

200006

21

EP 1194965 B1 20030903

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2003502825 T 20030121 JP 2001-505086

200006

21

<--20030915 AT 2000-941732 AT 249101 Т 200006 21

US 6818347 B1

20041116 US 2001-787858 200103

22

PRAI US 1999-140590P P 19990623 <--

US 2000-212295P

20000617 <--

WO 2000-US17561

W 20000621 <--

Alk. battery cells comprising an anode, a cathode, a separator between the anode and the cathode, and AB an electrolyte are provided with an n-type metal oxide additive that improves electrochem. performance. The n-type metal oxide additive is either a doped metal oxide comprising a metal oxide modified by incorporation of a dopant, or a reduced metal oxide. The metal oxide may be selected from the group consisting of BaTiO3, K2TiO3, CoTiO3, SrTiO3, CaTiO3, MgTiO3, SiO2, CaO, TiO2, CoO, Co3O4, ZnO, SnO, SnO2, PbO2, Bi2O3, Bi2O3.3ZrO3, Bi12TiO20, Fe2O3-TiO2, Nb2O5, CaWO4, ZnMn2O4, and K2Cr2O7. Examples of dopant disclosed are: NbO2, Nb2O5, Ta2O5, WO3, GeO2, ZrO2, SnO2, ThO2, Fe2O3, In2O3, LiNiO2, and P2O5, In2O3, Sb2O5.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide

batio3, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O=== Ti=== O

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

RE.CNT 6

IC ICM H01M004-62 ICS H01M006-16 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST battery performance enhancing additive metal oxide IT Battery anodes **Battery** cathodes Primary batteries (performance enhancing additives for batteries) IT Oxides (inorganic), uses (performance enhancing additives for batteries) IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses (performance enhancing additives for batteries) IT 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide bi2o3, uses 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1307-96-6, Cobalt oxide coo, uses 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide co3o4 1309-60-0, Lead dioxide 1313-96-8, Niobia 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide zno, uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 7778-50-9, Potassium dichromate 7790-75-2, Calcium tungstate cawo4 12017-01-5, Cobalt titanium oxide cotio3 12023-27-7, Iron titanium oxide (Fe2TiO5) 12030-97-6, Potassium titanium oxide k2tio3 12032-30-3, Magnesium titanium oxide mgtio3 12032-94-9, Zinc manganese oxide ZnMn2O4 12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide batio3, uses 12048-52-1, Bismuth zirconium oxide Bi2Zr3O9 12049-50-2, Calcium titanium oxide catio3 12060-59-2, Strontium titanium oxide srtio3 12441-73-5, Bismuth titanium oxide Bi12TiO20 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 21651-19-4, Tin oxide sno (performance enhancing additives for batteries) IT 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1310-53-8, Germania, uses 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide (K(OH)), uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide in2o3 1314-20-1, Thoria, uses 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses 1314-35-8, Tungsten trioxide, uses 1314-56-3, Phosphorus pentoxide, uses 1314-61-0, Tantalum pentoxide 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide linio2 (performance enhancing additives for batteries) THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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AN 132:336928 HCA Full-text
TI Alkaline zinc-manganese dioxide battery with electrode
  active material including barium compound as additive
IN Bennett, Wayne B.; Lubin, Donna L.
PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
PI WO 2000030198
                           20000525 WO 1999-US26814
                      A1
                                   199911
                                   12
     W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
       DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,
       KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
      MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL,
      TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
       MD, RU, TJ, TM
     RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
       DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF,
       BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                   B1 20010320 US 1998-192251
  US 6203943
                                    199811
                                    13
                          <--
                        20000525
                                   CA 1999-2351089
  CA 2351089
                   A1
                                    199911
                                    12
                       20011004 EP 1999-958931
  EP 1138095
                   A1
                                    199911
                                    12
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
JP 2002530815 T 20020917 JP 2000-583107 199911

12

PRAI US 1998-192251 A 19981113 <-- US 1999-412735 A 19991004 <--

WO 1999-US26814 W 19991112 <--

AB An electrochem. cell has an anode, a cathode and an electrolyte, the anode and optionally the cathode comprising a barium compd. such as BaSO4 or Ba(OH) 2 as an additive. Alternatively, the cathode comprises Ba(OH)2 as an additive. The anode comprises an anode active material such as zinc, and the cathode comprises a cathode active material such as manganese dioxide, preferably electrolytic manganese dioxide. Also provided is a method of treating active material by mixing with the barium compd. additive and drying the mixt. The anode and cathode are particularly adapted for use in an electrochem. cell having an alk. electrolyte. The barium compd. additive provides improved service performance for the cell.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses (alk. zinc-manganese dioxide battery with electrode active material including barium compd. as additive)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(alk. zinc-manganese dioxide battery with electrode active material including barium compd. as additive)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

RN 17194-00-2 HCA CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

но- ва- он

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ICS H01M004-50; H01M004-42
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
ST zinc manganese dioxide battery barium compd electrode
  additive
IT Battery anodes
    Battery cathodes
  Primary batteries
    (alk. zinc-manganese dioxide battery with
    electrode active material including barium compd. as additive)
IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses
    (alk. zinc-manganese dioxide battery with electrode
    active material including barium compd. as additive)
IT 7440-39-3D, Barium, compd., uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate
  17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide
    (alk. zinc-manganese dioxide battery with electrode
    active material including barium compd. as additive)
IT 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, uses
    (alk. zinc-manganese dioxide battery with electrode
    active material including barium compd. as additive)
RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
       ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L33 ANSWER 13 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 124:207242 HCA Full-text
TI Sealed Zn secondary battery and Zn anode
  with decreased solubility
IN Charkey, Allen
PA Energy Research Corporation, USA
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.
  CODEN: EPXXDW
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 3
                    KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
  PATENT NO.
PI EP 697746 A1 19960221 EP 1995-113014
                                    199508
                                    18
                          <--
                  B1 20000412
  EP 697746
     R: DE, FR, GB
               A 19951024 US 1994-292614
   US 5460899
                                    199408
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18

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US 5556720 A 19960917 US 1995-431556 199505

01

PRAI US 1994-292614 A 19940818 <-- US 1995-431556 A 19950501 <--

AB A Zn anode comprises a Zn active material (ZnO), Ba(OH)2 or Sr(OH)2, and a conductive matrix including a metallic oxide (PbO, Bi2O3, CdO, Ga2O3, Tl2O3) which is more electropos. than Zn. The anode is used in a Zn secondary battery having an electrolyte (KOH) whose electrolyte constituent is a low percentage of the electrolyte. The Zn anode is split into electrode assemblies sepd. by a porous hydrophobic element.

IT 17194-00-2, Bariumhydroxide

(anode; sealed Zn secondary battery

with decreased anode soly.)

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO- Ba- OH

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide, uses (cathode; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode soly.)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

IC ICM H01M004-24

ICS H01M010-34

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST zinc anode secondary battery

IT Batteries, secondary

(Ni-Zn, sealed; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode soly.)

IT 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide, uses

(anode; sealed Zn secondary battery

with decreased anode soly.)

IT 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide, uses 1305-62-0, Calciumhydroxide, uses

1314-13-2, **Zinc** oxide, uses 1314-32-5, Thallium oxide

1317-36-8, Lead oxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

12024-21-4, Gallium oxide 17194-00-2, Bariumhydroxide

18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide (anode; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode soly.)

IT 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide (co3o4) 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide

(cathode; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode soly.)

- IT 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses (current collector; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode soly.)
- IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide (electrolyte; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode soly.)
- IT 9002-84-0, Ptfe (sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode soly.)

L33 ANSWER 14 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 123:61353 HCA Full-text

TI High-capacity rechargeable bobbin **battery** with manganese dioxide cathodes

IN Tomantschger, Klaus; Book, R. James; Daniel-Ivad, Josef

PA Battery Technologies Inc., Can.

SO U.S., 9 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 115,356, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	ΚΠ	ND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 5424145	A	19950613	US 1994-207629 199403 09	
		<		
WO 9524742	A1	19950914	WO 1995-CA128 199503 08	

W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN

RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

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AU 9517525
                       19950925
                                 AU 1995-17525
                   Α
                                   199503
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                       19951129
                                 CN 1995-103067
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  LT 4233
                 В
                     19971027 LT 1996-143
                                   199610
                                   08
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                       B1 19920318 <--
PRAI US 1992-853265
                         19930902 <--
  US 1993-115356
                    B2
  US 1994-207629
                         19940309 <---
                    Α
  WO 1995-CA128
                      W
                          19950308 <--
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AB The rechargeable MnO2/Zn battery with high capacity, high volumetric and gravimetric energy d., and high cycle life, is capable of continued charge-discharge cycles following an overdischarge. The cell has an aq. electrolyte, with the usual solute of KOH, but the solute may also be a mixt. of ZnCl2 and NH4Cl. The electrode balance as detd. by the ratio of the theor. discharge capacity of the Zn and the theor. one electron discharge capacity of the MnO2 ranges from >65 to 110%.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(anode; high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba==0

RN 7440-66-6 HCA CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO− Ва-ОН

IT 7440-66-6D, Zinc, oxides or perovskites or spinels (cathode; high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-39-3D, Barium, compds.

(cathode; high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O = Mn = O

RN 7440-39-3 HCA CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ва

IC ICM H01M010-24

INCL 429057000

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST secondary battery manganese dioxide zinc; bobbin secondary

battery MnO2 Zn; button secondary battery

MnO2 Zn; coin secondary battery MnO2 Zn

IT Batteries, secondary

(MnO2/Zn, bobbin or button or coin; high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 7439-92-1, Lead, uses 7439-97-6, Mercury, uses 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7440-74-6,

Indium, uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (anode; high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)

- IT 9002-89-5 9004-34-6, Cellulose, uses (barrier layer; high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)
- IT 7429-90-5D, Aluminum, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7439-89-6D, Iron, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7449-96-5D, Manganese, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7440-02-0D, Nickel, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-22-4D, Silver, compds. 7440-22-4D, Silver, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7440-32-6D, **Titanium**, **oxides** or perovskites or spinels 7440-47-3D, Chromium, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7440-48-4D, Cobalt, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7440-62-2D, Vanadium, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7440-66-6D, Zinc, oxides or perovskites or spinels 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (cathode; high-capacity rechargeable **battery** with manganese dioxide cathodes)
- IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-39-3D, Barium, compds.

(cathode; high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)

- IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 7646-85-7, Zinc chloride, uses 12125-02-9, Ammonium chloride, uses (electrolyte; high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)
- IT 79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, polymers 9002-84-0, Ptfe 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9004-32-4, Carboxymethyl cellulose 9005-25-8, Starch, uses 25087-26-7D, derivs. (high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese dioxide cathodes)
- L33 ANSWER 15 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 122:138079 HCA Full-text

- TI Development of a nickel/metal hydride battery (Ni/MH) system for EV application
- AU Ikoma, Munehisa; Hamada, Shinji; Morishita, Nobuyasu; Hoshina, Yasuko; Matsuda, Hiromu; Ohta, Kazuhiro; Kimura, Tadao
- CS EV Battery Development Cent., Matsushita Battery Ind. Co., Ltd., Osaka, 570, Japan
- SO Proceedings Electrochemical Society (1994), 94-27(Hydrogen and Metal Hydride Batteries), 370-80 CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374
- PB Electrochemical Society
- DT Journal

LA English

In order to satisfy basic battery characteristics for elec. vehicles (EV) such as specific energy, specific power and cycle life that are required for driving on urban streets, we have selected valve-regulated lead acid battery as a conventional battery and nickel/metal-hydride battery as an advanced battery, and have been studying on these development in order to put into practical use by 1998. Regarding to nickel/metal-hydride battery, excellent nickel pos. electrode with high temp. charge efficiency accomplished with additive, such as Ca compd., and exceedingly good hydrogen absorbing alloy neg. electrode with high capacity and long cycle life, achieved by adjustment of alloy compn., surface treatment, and control of binder and conductive additive have been developed to overcome difficulties in scale up of battery size. Module battery using these technologies possessed specific energy twice (70 Wh/kg) as lead acid battery, and has superior specific power (160 Wh/kg) and long cycle life.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese

dioxide, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(cathode additive; development of a nickel/metal hydride

battery system for elec. vehicle application)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba = 0

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O== Ti== O

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST nickel metal hydride battery elec vehicle

IT Batteries, secondary

(development of a nickel/metal hydride battery system

for elec. vehicle application)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, processes

(absorption of; development of a nickel/metal hydride

battery system for elec. vehicle application)

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide, uses 1308-38-9, Chromic oxide, uses 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1309-64-4, Antimony trioxide, uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide in2o3 1312-81-8, Lanthanum oxide la2o3 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses 1317-39-1, Cuprous oxide, uses 7789-75-5, Calcium fluoride, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 20548-54-3, Calcium sulfide 20667-12-3, Silver oxide ag2o (cathode additive; development of a nickel/metal hydride battery system for elec. vehicle application)

IT 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide (cathodes; development of a nickel/metal hydride battery system for elec. vehicle application)

IT 106934-76-3

(hydrogen-absorbing anodes; development of a nickel/metal hydride **battery** system for elec. vehicle application)

L33 ANSWER 16 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 122:138075 HCA Full-text

TI Nickel hydroxide electrode: improvement of charge efficiency at high temperature

AU Ohta, K.; Kayashi, K.; Matsuda, H.; Toyoguchi, Y.; Ikoma, M.

CS Home Appliance Technol. Res. Lab., Matsushita Electr. Ind. Co., Ltd., Osaka, 570, Japan

SO Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (1994), 94-27(Hydrogen and Metal Hydride Batteries), 296-302 CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374

PB Electrochemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB We examd. charge efficiency and oxygen evolution overvoltage at high temp. of pasted type nickel hydroxide electrodes including various compds. of wide range group elements. Nickel hydroxide pos. electrodes including some of these additives were found to have high oxygen evolution overvoltage and some of them to have high charge efficiency at high temp. The 130 Ah scale sealed type Ni/MH cell including nickel hydroxide electrodes with these additives was confirmed to have high charge efficiency at high temp. from the effective suppression of oxygen evolution.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese

dioxide, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(improvement of charge efficiency at high temp. of nickel hydroxide electrode)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 13463-67-7 HCA CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O=== Ti=== O

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery nickel hydroxide electrode charge efficiency

IT Electrodes

(battery, improvement of charge efficiency at high temp. of nickel hydroxide electrode)

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide, uses 1308-38-9, Chromic oxide, uses 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1309-64-4, Antimony trioxide, uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide 1312-81-8, Lanthanum oxide 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses 1317-39-1, Cuprous oxide, uses 7789-75-5, Calcium fluoride, uses 12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 20548-54-3, Calcium sulfide 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (improvement of charge efficiency at high temp. of nickel hydroxide electrode)

L33 ANSWER 17 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 118:63284 HCA Full-text

TI Secondary manganese dioxide/zinc alkaline battery having high capacity and energy density

IN Tomantschger, Klaus; Book, R. James; Findlay, Robert D.

PA Battery Technologies Inc., Can.

SO Can. Pat. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: CPXXEB

DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI CA 2037744 A1 19920908 CA 1991-2037744

199103 07

PRAI CA 1991-2037744

19910307 <---

AB The **battery** is anode limited, and each of the anode and cathode is phys. dimensioned so that the anode capacity is .apprx.(0.45-1.00) C, where C is capacity of the cathode. The energy densities of the **battery** are >70 W-h/kg and >200 W-h/L. Each electrode may contain addnl. additives. The cathode may have addnl. hydrophobic materials and a porous additive such as carbon black to improve H transport. The anode may have a small amt. of additive (Hg, Ga, In, Cd) to prevent evolution of H.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses

(anodes contg., zinc, for decreasing zincate mobility, in secondary batteries)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba = 0

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(cathodes, contg. hydrogen-recombination catalyst and hydrophobic additive, for secondary zinc batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

IC ICM H01M010-34

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST manganese dioxide zinc secondary battery; cathode manganese dioxide additive; anode zinc additive hydrogen evolution

IT Carbon fibers, uses

(cathodes contg., manganese dioxide, for secondary zinc

batteries)

IT Batteries, secondary

(manganese dioxide/zinc, alk. high energy-d.)

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide,

uses 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide, uses

(anodes contg., zinc, for decreasing zincate

mobility, in secondary batteries)

IT 7439-97-6, Mercury, uses 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses 7440-55-3.

Gallium, uses 7440-74-6, Indium, uses

(anodes from zine microalloyed with, for

hydrogen evolution prevention, in secondary batteries)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(anodes, microalloyed, for hydrogen evolution

prevention, in secondary batteries)

IT 7440-44-0

(carbon fibers, cathodes contg., manganese dioxide, for secondary zinc batteries)

IT 9002-84-0, PTFE 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene (cathodes contg., manganese dioxide, for secondary zinc batteries)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(cathodes, contg. hydrogen-recombination catalyst and hydrophobic additive, for secondary zinc batteries)

L33 ANSWER 18 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 118:25005 HCA Full-text

TI Solid-state methane-air fuel cell and its manufacture

IN Mogensen, Mogens; Kindl, Bruno

PA Forskningscenter Risoe, Den.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 9215122 A1 19920903 WO 1992-DK46 199202

12

W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CS, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE, US RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN, GR, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG

DK 9100249 A 19920814 DK 1991-249

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199102
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  DK 167163
                        19930906
                   B1
  AU 9213214
                        19920915
                   Α
                                 AU 1992-13214
                                    199202
                                    12
                          <--
  EP 571494
                      19931201
                                 EP 1992-905538
                  A1
                                    199202
                                    12
                          <--
  EP 571494
                  B1 19941214
    R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
                       19940623 JP 1992-504880
  JP 06505591
                   T
                                    199202
                                    12
                          <--
  JP 3519733
                       20040419
                  B2
  US 5350641
                   Α
                       19940927 US 1993-107665
                                    199308
                                    12
                          <--
                          19910213 <--
PRAI DK 1991-249
  WO 1992-DK46
                          19920212 <---
                      Α
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AB The fuel cell includes a Y2O3-stabilized ZrO2 electrolyte and an anode of a thin layer of CeO2-based ceramics. A metal oxide (NiO, MnO2, etc.), surface active on the electrolyte, is applied on the electrolyte followed by the application of the anode. This oxide can also be added to the CeO2-based ceramics of the anode. The CeO2-based ceramics include also alkali metal oxide and oxides such as Nb2O5, TiO2, etc., to increase vol. stability and electron cond.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese

dioxide, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(anodes from ceria-based ceramics contg., for methane-air fuel cells)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba = 0

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

```
RN 13463-67-7 HCA
CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

O== Ti == O

IC ICM H01M008-12 ICS H01M004-86

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 57

ST methane air fuel cell; ceria ceramics anode fuel cell; yttria zirconia fuel cell electrolyte

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1309-48-4, Magnesia, uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide (In2O3) 1312-81-8, Lanthanum oxide (La2O3) 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1313-96-8, Niobium pentoxide 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses 1314-11-0, Strontium oxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-60-9, Antimony pentoxide 1314-61-0, Tantalum pentoxide 1332-37-2, Iron oxide, uses 1344-54-3, Titanium oxide (Ti2O3) 1344-70-3, Copper oxide 11099-11-9, Vanadium oxide 11104-61-3, Cobalt oxide 11118-57-3, Chromium oxide 12024-21-4, Gallium oxide (Ga2O3) 12060-08-1, Scandium oxide (Sc2O3) 13463-67-7, Titania, uses (anodes from ceria-based ceramics contg., for

L33 ANSWER 19 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 95:15152 HCA Full-text

methane-air fuel cells)

TI Secondary battery

PA Suwa Seikosha Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 56011859 A 19810205 JP 1979-87838 197907 <--

PRAI JP 1979-87838 A 19790711 <--

AB The electrode-active material for a secondary **battery** consists of an electrochromic material selected from WO3, MoO3, TiO2, SiTiO3, and a Pt metal oxide or ≥2 oxides or hydroxides selected from Fe2O3, ZnO, TeO2, Sb2O3, SeO2, **BaO**, Bi2O3, CaF2, SnO2, In2O3, V2O5, Cr2O3, CdS, As2O3, GeO2, SiO2, Mn2O3, MnO2, CdO, Ag2O, Ir(OH)n, and rare earth oxides. The electrochromic material may also be a org. dye such as brominated viologen and spiropyran. Rapid charging of the **battery** becomes possible.

IC H01M004-48

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

ST secondary battery electrochromic material electrode; org dye oxide battery electrode

IT Electrochromic materials

Oxides, uses and miscellaneous

(electrodes for secondary batteries contg.)

IT Dyes

(secondary battery electrodes contg.)

IT Electrodes

(battery, dyes and electrochromic materials and oxides for secondary)

IT 7726-95-6D, compds. with dyes (electrodes contg., for secondary batteries)

=> D L34 1-15 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L34 ANSWER 1 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 145:30921 HCA Full-text

TI Cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide batteries having barium additives

IN Taucher, Waltraud; Kordesch, Karl; Daniel-Ivad, Josef

PA Austria

SO Can. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: CPXXEB

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

CA 2126069 C 20060606

WO 9312551 A1 19930624 WO 1992-CA553 199212

21

W: AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CS, FI, JP, KP, KR, LK, MG, MN, MW, NO, PL, RO, RU, SD

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, SN, TD, TG

PRAI HU 1991-4047

A 19911219 <--

WO 1992-CA553

W 19921221 <--

AB A cathode structure for alk. manganese dioxide-zinc **primary** or rechargeable **cells** with improved capacity that comprise manganese dioxide active material, a conductive powder and an additive material uniformly mixed and pressed to form a porous body, wherein the additive is a barium compd. which is at least 3% mass of the solid components. The preferred additive is barium oxide, barium hydroxide or barium sulfate. The invention relates also to alk. manganese dioxide-zinc **primary** or rechargeable **cells**, wherein the cathode structure is employed.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses

(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide batteries having barium additives)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 7440-66-6 HCA CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide batteries having barium additives)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba==0

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Ва

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO- Ba- OH

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST cathode zinc manganese dioxide battery barium additive

IT Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

Secondary batteries

(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide batteries having barium additives)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide batteries having barium additives)

IT **1304-28-5**, Barium oxide, uses 7440-39-3D, Barium, compd.

7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2, Barium

hydroxide

(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide batteries having barium additives)

L34 ANSWER 2 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 143:156366 HCA Full-text

TI Cathode material for battery

IN Iltchev, Nikolay K.; Mao, Ou; Eylem, Cahit; Cintra, George; Pinnell, Leslie J.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PI US 2005164089 A1 20050728 US 2004-765569 200401 28 WO 2005074059 20050811 WO 2005-US2512 **A**1 200501 26 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 1709703 A1 20061011 EP 2005-712111 200501 26 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS CN 1914752 Α 20070214 CN 2005-80003474 200501 26 <--20070626 BR 2005007167 BR 2005-7167 Α 200501 26

20070712 JP 2006-551447

200501 26

PRAI US 2004-765569 A1 20040128 <--WO 2005-US2512 W 20050126

T

JP 2007519212

AB The cathode of an alk. battery can include an elec. conductive additive to increase the cathode efficiency. The additive can include a barium salt and an elec. conductive material. The elec. conductive material can be coated on a surface of the barium salt. The elec. conductive material can be an elec. conductive metal oxide.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses

(cathode material for battery)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 7440-66-6 HCA CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 513-77-9, Barium carbonate 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (cathode material for battery)

RN 513-77-9 HCA

CN Carbonic acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba == 0

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

RN 17194-00-2 HCA CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

НО— Ва— ОН

IC ICM H01M004-62

ICS H01M004-50; H01M004-42

INCL 429232000; 429224000; 429229000; 029623100

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST cathode material battery

IT Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(cathode material for battery)

IT Oxides (inorganic), uses

(cathode material for battery)

IT Coating materials

(elec. conductive; cathode material for battery)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(cathode material for battery)

IT 513-77-9, Barium carbonate 1304-28-5, Barium

oxide, uses 1332-29-2, Tin oxide 7440-39-3D, Barium, salt

7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses

17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(cathode material for battery)

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 141:216671 HCA Full-text

TI Preparation of metal chalcogenides from reactions of metal compounds and chalcogen

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IN Seo, Dong-kyun; Iancu, Nora; Wu, Liming
PA Arizona Board of Regents, Acting for and On Behalf of Arizona State
  University, USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                    APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
PI WO 2004073021
                          20040826 WO 2004-US2929
                      A2
                                   200402
                                   02
                          <--
  WO 2004073021
                     A3 20050113
    W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,
      CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,
      GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,
      KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
      MX, MZ, NA, NI
    RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT,
      BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
      IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
      CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
  US 2006239882
                    A1 20061026 US 2006-544266
                                   200601
                                   10
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PRAI US 2003-444078P P 20030131 <--US 2003-511482P P 20031015 <--WO 2004-US2929 W 20040202 <--

AB A method of prepg. metal chalcogenides from elemental metal or metal compds. has the following steps: providing at least one elemental metal or metal compd.; providing at least one element from periodic table groups 13-15; providing at least one chalcogen; and combining and heating the chalcogen, the group 13-15 element and the metal at sufficient time and temp. to form a metal chalcogenide. A method of functionalizing the surface of semiconducting nanoparticles has the following steps: providing at least one metal compd.; providing one chalcogenide having a cation selected from the group 13-15 (B, Al, Ga, In, Si, Ge, Sn, Pb, P, As, Sb and Bi); dissolving the chalcogenide in a 1st soln.; dissolving the metal compd. in a 2nd soln.; providing and dissolving a functional capping agent in at least one of the solns. of the metal compds. and chalcogenide; combining all solns.; and maintaining the combined soln. at a proper temp. for an appropriate time.

IT 12009-33-5P, Barium titanium sulfide (BaTiS3)

(prepn. of)

RN 12009-33-5 HCA

CN Titanate(2-), trithioxo-, barium (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba 2+

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, reactions 13463-67-7
Titania, reactions (sulfidation of)
RN 1313-13-9 HCA
CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O=== Mn=== O

RN 13463-67-7 HCA CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O=== T i === O

IC ICM H01L CC 76-2 (Electric Phenomena)

Section cross-reference(s): 78

IT Battery anodes

(fabrication of chalcogenides for)

IT 1306-23-6P, Cadmium sulfide, preparation 1306-24-7P, Cadmium selenide, preparation 1314-87-0P, Lead monosulfide 1314-91-6P, Lead monotelluride 1315-09-9P, Zinc selenide 1317-33-5P, Molybdenum disulfide, preparation 12009-33-5P, Barium titanium sulfide (BaTiS3) 12030-24-9P, Indium sesquisulfide 12035-51-7P, Nickel disulfide 12039-13-3P, Titanium disulfide 12039-19-9P, Yttrium sesquisulfide 12068-85-8P, Iron disulfide 12069-00-0P, Lead monoselenide 12133-58-3P, Cerium disulfide 12138-09-9P, Tungsten disulfide 12166-20-0P, Ruthenium disulfide 12166-34-6P, Vanadium tetrasulfide 12196-48-4P, Indium potassium sulfide (InKS2) 12196-51-9P, Indium sodium sulfide (InNaS2) 12316-04-0P, Niobium trisulfide 12423-80-2P, Titanium trisulfide

12503-33-2P, Neodymium sulfide (NdS2) 12506-14-8P, Bismuth sodium sulfide (BiNaS2) 12507-23-2P, Erbium disulfide 18820-29-6P, Manganese monosulfide 20820-34-2P, Molybdenum monosulfide 27112-61-4P, Terbium sulfide TbS2 55957-42-1P, Europium sulfide EuS2 56091-75-9P, Samarium disulfide 206866-06-0P, Indium sodium selenide (InNaSe2) (prepn. of)

IT 1308-96-9, Europium sesquioxide 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, reactions 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, reactions 1313-27-5, Molybdenum oxide (MoO3), reactions 1313-96-8, Niobium pentoxide 1313-97-9, Neodymium sesquioxide 1313-99-1, Nickel monoxide, reactions 1314-35-8, Tungsten trioxide, reactions 1314-36-9, Yttrium sesquioxide, reactions 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, reactions 1317-61-9, Iron oxide (Fe3O4), reactions 1345-13-7, Cerium sesquioxide 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, reactions 7440-25-7, Tantalum, reactions 7440-33-7, Tungsten, reactions 12034-57-0, Niobium oxide (NbO) 12036-10-1, Ruthenium dioxide 12037-01-3, Terbium oxide (Tb4O7) 12060-58-1, Samarium sesquioxide 12061-16-4, Erbium sesquioxide 13463-67-7, Titania, reactions 18868-43-4, Molybdenum oxide (MoO2) (sulfidation of)

L34 ANSWER 4 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:278899 HCA Full-text

TI Study on Zn/air battery and its electrode materials

AU Yang, Hong-ping; Wang, Xian-you; Wang, Xing-yan; Huang, Wei-guo; Luo, Xu-fang

CS Chemistry College, Xiangtan University, Xiangtan, Hunan, 411105, Peop. Rep. China

SO Dianchi (2003), 33(2), 80-82

CODEN: DNCHEP; ISSN: 1001-1579

PB Dianchi Zazhishe

DT Journal

LA Chinese

Because of its steady performance, more sources of raw material, higher sp. energy d. and low cost, Zn/air batteries are studied. CoO, Ag2O, CaO, MnO2, Ba(OH) 2, Ni(OH)2 and KMnO4 were selected as catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries. To compare the characteristics of the various catalysts, the electrochem. performance of the materials was measured by linear sweep voltammetry. A mixed catalyst had smaller polarization characteristics and better electrode performance than others and this kind of material was suitable for cathodes of Zn/air batteries. A test of performance showed that the battery with the mixed catalyst had a more steady discharging potential stage and greater discharging capacity.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH) 2)

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 17194-00-2 HCA CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

НО-Ва-ОН

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses (catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST air zinc **battery** manganese oxide catalytic cathode material

IT Air

Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

IT 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide (CaO), uses 1307-96-6, Cobaltous oxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses 7722-64-7, Potassium permanganate 12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide (Ni(OH)2) 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (Ag2O)

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

L34 ANSWER 5 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:218132 HCA Full-text

TI Process for sealing of stone porous material

IN Ordonez Delgado, Salvador; Aldaz Riera, Antonio; Montiel Leguey, Vicente; Exposito Rodriguez, Eduardo; Bernabeu Gonzalvez, Ana

PA Universidad de Alicante, Spain

SO Span., 8 pp.

CODEN: SPXXAD

DT Patent

LA Spanish

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI ES 2183696

A1 20030316 ES 2000-2681

200011

07

ES 2183696

B2 20031116

PRAI ES 2000-2681

20001107 <---

AB Process for sealing of stone porous material consists of pptn. of insol. compd. on surface of pores of the stone porous material by the reaction of cations and anions moving in elec. field in electrochem. reactor. The sealed porous material can be used in construction and decoration.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(anode in electrolytic cell for sealing of

stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by

electrophoretic deposition)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(electrode in electrolytic cell for sealing

of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores

by electrophoretic deposition)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 7727-43-7P, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2P, Barium

hydroxide

(sealing of stone porous material by electrophoretic deposition

of)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

Ba

RN 17194-00-2 HCA CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

НО-Ва-ОН

IC ICM C04B041-45 ICS B28D001-00

CC 58-6 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials) Section cross-reference(s): 66

IT Current density

(a in electrolytic cell for sealing of stone
porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by
electrophoretic deposition)

IT Anodes
(dimensionally stable anodes; use in electrolytic
cell for sealing of stone porous material by formation of
insol. compd. in pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT Electrodes
(gas-diffusion; use in electrolytic cell for
sealing of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in
pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT 1309-60-0, Lead dioxide 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide (anode in electrolytic cell for sealing of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT 7782-40-3, Diamond, uses (boron doped; anode in **electrolytic cell** for sealing of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT 7439-92-1, Lead, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-32-6,

Titanium, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12597-68-1, Stainless steel, uses 12597-69-2, Steel, uses 37286-21-8, HASTELLOY (electrode in electrolytic cell for sealing of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT 471-34-1P, Calcium carbonate, preparation 1305-62-0P, Calcium hydroxide, preparation 1309-37-1P, Iron oxide Fe2O3, preparation 7727-43-7P, Barium sulfate 7778-18-9P, Calcium sulfate 10103-46-5P, Calcium phosphate 13847-18-2P, Barium phosphate 17194-00-2P, Barium hydroxide (sealing of stone porous material by electrophoretic deposition

(sealing of stone porous material by electrophoretic deposition of)

L34 ANSWER 6 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 138:306736 HCA Full-text

TI Ferrate electrode and alkaline high-energy battery

IN' Pan, Junqing; Chen, Yongmei; Zhao, Xuhui

PA Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 8 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
-----PI CN 1346161 A 20020424 CN 2000-124579
200009
22

PRAI CN 2000-124579

20000922 <---

<--

AB The electrode is composed of a ferrate electrode active material (BaFeO4, CaFeO4, SrFeO4, and/or K2FeO4) 65-85, a conductor (powd. graphite or purified colloidal graphite) 8-15, an additive (MnO2) 0-10, an electrolyte (7-13M NaOH or KOH) 7-15, and a binder 0-2%. When the electrode active material is BaFeO4, SrFeO4, or CaFeO4, the electrolyte is Ba(OH)2, Sr(OH)2, or Ca(OH)2, resp. The battery consists of pos. electrode, neg. electrode, alk. electrolyte, and a separator between the pos. electrode and the neg. electrode; the pos. electrode is the ferrate electrode, and the neg. electrode is an active metal such as Zn, Fe, or Al. When powd. Fe is used as neg. electrode, the powd. Fe is prepd. by reducing Fe2O3 with H at 650-675°, and contains addnl. 1-4% HgO or Cd, or is coated with a layer of Sn 1-10 μm thick.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

RN 17194-00-2 HCA CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO- Ba- OH

IC ICM H01M004-48

ICS H01M004-52; H01M004-06; H01M006-04; H01M004-38

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST ferrate pos electrode alk battery

IT Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery)

IT Anions

(ferrates; ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery

)

IT 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 13773-22-3, Iron strontium oxide

(FeSrO4) 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide (BaFeO4) 17194-00-2

, Barium hydroxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 35764-67-1,

Calcium ferrate 251321-67-2, Iron potassium oxide (FeKO4)

(ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery)

IT 7439-89-6P, Iron, uses

(ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery)

L34 ANSWER 7 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 130:185153 HCA Full-text

TI Method for recovery of zinc and manganese dioxide from spent

dry cell IN Bao, Zhixiang PA Peop. Rep. China SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 8 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV DT Patent LA Chinese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PI CN 1120592 19960417 CN 1994-111199 199410 08

PRAI CN 1994-111199

19941008 <---

AB The method comprises (1) calcining the **dry cells** in a reducing atm., (2) removing C rods and Zn lumps passing a screen and removing Fe by electromagnetic method, (3) mixing with concd. H2SO4 under stirring and heating the paste by passing hot air to remove HCl, (4) dissolving the material with spent electrolytic soln., (5) adjusting pH of the soln. to 3.8-5.2 with Ca(OH)2 or **Ba(OH)2**, and (6) replacing with powd. Zn and electrolysis to deposit Zn and **MnO2**.

IT 1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation

7440-66-6P, Zinc, preparation

(recovery of zinc and manganese dioxide from spent dry cell)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 7440-66-6 HCA CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IC C22B-700

CC 54-3 (Extractive Metallurgy)

Section cross-reference(s): 52

ST zinc manganese dioxide recovery dry cell

IT Electrodeposition

(recovery of zinc and manganese dioxide from spent dry

cell by electrodeposition)

IT 1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation

7440-66-6P, Zinc, preparation

(recovery of zinc and manganese dioxide from spent dry cell)

L34 ANSWER 8 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 128:50715 HCA Full-text

TI Preparation of physically modified manganese dioxide for cathodes of secondary alkaline batteries of long cycle life

IN Klos, Matthias; Rahner, Dietmar; Plieth, Waldfried

PA Technische Universitaet Dresden, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 7 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
-----PI DE 19617512 A1 19971113 DE 1996-19617512
199605

PRAI DE 1996-19617512

19960502 <--

02

AB MnO2 is mixed with MTiO3 at 100:(2-35) wt. ratio, and the obtained mixt. is used to prep. cathodes for the title batteries. M is an alk. earth metal and esp. Ba. MnO2 can contain crystal H2O.

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate, uses

(cathodes of long cycle-life alk. batteries from mixts. of manganese dioxide and)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses (cathodes of long cycle-life alk. batteries from phys. modified)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

IC ICM H01M004-50

ICA C01G045-02; C01G023-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 49

ST manganese dioxide barium titanate **battery** cathode; cathode **battery** modified manganese dioxide; alk earth metal titanate **battery** modified

IT Battery cathodes

(prepn. of phys. modified manganese dioxide for long cycle-life secondary alk.)

IT Alkaline earth compounds

(titanates; cathodes of long cycle-life alk. batteries from mixts. of manganese dioxide and)

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate, uses 89412-00-0, Radium titanium oxide (RaTiO3)

(cathodes of long cycle-life alk. batteries from mixts. of manganese dioxide and)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses (cathodes of long cycle-life alk. batteries from phys. modified)

L34 ANSWER 9 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 128:50676 HCA Full-text

TI The effect of alkaline earth titanates on the rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alkaline electrolyte

AU Kloss, M.; Rahner, D.; Plieth, W.

CS Dresden University of Technology, Institute of Physical Chemistry and Electrochemistry, Dresden, 01062, Germany

SO Journal of Power Sources (1997), 69(1-2), 137-143 CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753

PB Elsevier Science S.A.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Various alk. earth titanates were tested as the additives for manganese dioxide electrodes in aq. electrolyte (9 mol/L KOH) at room temp. The influence of the additives on the discharge capacity of **primary cells** and esp. on cycling behavior of rechargeable alk. **batteries** is discussed.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese dioxide battery cathode in alk. electrolyte)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO3), uses (effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese dioxide battery cathode in alk. electrolyte)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST alk earth titanate manganese dioxide cathode; battery manganese dioxide cathode rechargeability

IT Titanates

Titanates

(alk. earth; effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese dioxide **battery** cathode in alk. electrolyte)

IT Battery cathodes

(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese dioxide battery cathode in alk. electrolyte)

IT Alkaline earth oxides

Alkaline earth oxides

(titanium oxides; effect of alk. earth

titanates on rechargeability of manganese dioxide battery cathode in alk. electrolyte)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese dioxide battery cathode in alk. electrolyte)

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO3), uses 12049-50-2,

Calcium titanate (CaTiO3) 12060-59-2, Strontium titanate (SrTiO3)

(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese

dioxide battery cathode in alk. electrolyte)

RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 10 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 127:250505 HCA Full-text

TI The effect of new additives on discharge behavior and rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alkaline electrolyte

AU Kloss, M.; Gruhnwald, C.; Rahner, D.; Plieth, W.; Hilarius, V.; Glausch, R.; Pfaff, G.

CS Institute of Physical Chemistry and Electrochemistry, Dresden University of Technology, Dresden, D-01062, Germany

SO Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (1997),

97-18(Batteries for Portable Applications and Electric Vehicles), 905-914

CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374

PB Electrochemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Various new additives have been tested as modifiers for manganese dioxide electrodes in aq. electrolyte (9 mol/L KOH) at room temp. The influence of the additives on the discharge capacity of **primary cells** and esp. on cycling behavior of rechargeable alk. **batteries** will be discussed.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses (effect of new additives on discharge behavior and rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate, uses 13463-67-7,

Titania, uses

(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery manganese dioxide alk electrolyte rechargeability

IT Primary batteries

Secondary batteries

(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)

IT 1345-25-1, Iron oxide feo, uses 12047-27-7, Barium

titanate, uses 12049-50-2, Calcium titanate 12060-59-2,

Strontium titanate 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 142444-04-0, Iriodin 120 142661-62-9,

Iriodin 111 Rutile Fine Satin 143748-91-8

(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and

rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 11 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 126:106565 HCA Full-text

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IN Swierbut, Wendi M.; Nardi, John C.
PA Eveready Battery Company, USA
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.
  CODEN: EPXXDW
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
PI EP 747982
                   A1 19961211
                                 EP 1996-304263
                                    199606
                                    07
                          <--
  EP 747982
                       20000126
                  B1
    R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
  US 5599644
                   Α
                       19970204 US 1995-485424
                                    199506
                                    07
                        19961208
  CA 2178423
                   A1
                                  CA 1996-2178423
                                    199606
                                    06
  JP 09106811
                       19970422
                                 JP 1996-143930
                                    199606
                                    06
                          <--
                        19970416
  CN 1147703
                                  CN 1996-106837
                                    199606
                                    07
PRAI US 1995-485424
                            19950607 <---
                        Α
       The cathodes include a MnO2 active material and an additive selected from ≥1 of SnO2, Fe2O3-TiO2,
AB
       TiO2, BaTiO3, K2TiO3, Nb2O5, V2O5 or SnO. The cathode is esp. adapted for use in an alk. Zn
       battery.
IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses
    (battery cathodes contg. additives)
RN 1313-13-9 HCA
CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

TI Battery cathodes containing additives

. 0-Mn-0

·IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO3), uses 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide (TiO2), uses (battery cathodes from manganese dioxide contg.) RN 12047-27-7 HCA CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME) *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE *** RN 13463-67-7 HCA CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME) 0== T i == 0 IC ICM H01M004-50 ICS H01M004-62 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST battery cathode manganese dioxide additive; tin oxide manganese dioxide battery cathode; titania manganese dioxide battery cathode; barium titanate

manganese dioxide battery cathode; titanate potassium

manganese dioxide battery cathode; niobium oxide manganese dioxide battery cathode; vanadium oxide manganese dioxide

battery cathode
IT Battery cathodes

(manganese dioxide contg. additives)

battery cathode; iron oxide manganese dioxide

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses (battery cathodes contg. additives)

IT 1309-37-1, Iron oxide (Fe2O3), uses 1313-96-8, Niobium oxide (Nb2O5) 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V2O5), uses 12030-97-6, Potassium titanate (K2TiO3) 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO3), uses 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide (TiO2), uses 18282-10-5, Tin oxide (SnO2) 21651-19-4, Tin oxide (SnO) (battery cathodes from manganese dioxide contg.)

L34 ANSWER 12 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 125:334032 HCA Full-text

TI Screening study of mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries

AU Guidotti, Ronald A.; Reinhardt, Frederick W.

CS Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM, 87185-0614, USA

SO Proceedings of the Power Sources Conference (1996), 37th, 251-254

CODEN: PPOCFD

PB National Technical Information Service

DT Journal

LA English

Mixed transition-metal oxides were evaluated for possible use as cathodes in thermal batteries. Over 100 candidates were examd., including com. materials and many that were synthesized in house. The mixed oxides were based on Ti, V, Nb, Cr, Mo, W, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, and Cu doped with other transition metals. A no. of individual (single-metal) oxides were included in the study for comparison. The candidates were tested in single cells with Li(Si) anodes and separators based on LiCl-KCl eutectic. Screening was done under const.-current conditions at current densities of 125 mA/cm2 and, to a lesser extent, 50 mA/cm2 at a temp. of 500°C. The relative performance of the oxide cathodes is discussed, along with the relative limitations of these materials.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide mno2, uses

12589-48-9, Barium nickel oxide banio2 183858-80-2

, Barium nickel oxide (BaNi2O5)

(mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 12589-48-9 HCA

CN Barium nickel oxide (BaNiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

Com	ponent		Ratio Comp Registry Numbe	
===== O Ba	====== 	 2 1	17778-80-2 7440-39-3	
Ni	İ	1	7440-02-0	

RN 183858-80-2 HCA

CN Barium nickel oxide (BaNi2O5) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Com	ponent	:	Ratio	Component	
			Reg	gistry Number	
====			+====		+======================================
O	-	5	1.	17778-80-2	
Ba	ĺ	1		7440-39-3	
Ni	ĺ	2	ĺ	7440-02-0	

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 76

- ST transition metal oxide cathode thermal battery
- IT Transition metal oxides (mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)
- IT Cathodes
 - (battery, mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)
- IT 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V2O5), uses (contg. molybdenum; mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal **batteries**)
- IT 1308-04-9, Cobalt oxide (Co2O3) 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide (Co3O4) 1309-60-0, Lead oxide 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide mno2, uses 1313-27-5, Molybdenum trioxide, uses 1313-96-8, Niobium oxide 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide, uses 1317-34-6, Manganese oxide mn2o3 1335-25-7, Lead oxide 7789-82-4, Calcium molybdenum oxide camoo4 7790-75-2, Calcium Tungsten oxide cawo4 10101-58-3, Cobalt Tungsten oxide cowo4 10381-36-9, Nickel phosphate 12013-87-5, Calcium chromium chloride oxide (Ca5Cr3ClO12) 12016-69-2, Chromium cobalt oxide cocr2o4 12017-01-5, Cobalt titanium oxide cotio3 12018-01-8, Chromium oxide 12018-18-7, Nickel Chromium oxide nicr2o4 12018-19-8, Zinc Chromium oxide zncr2o4 12018-79-0, Copper iron oxide cufe2o4 12019-08-8, Copper titanium oxide cutio3 12022-71-8. Iron titanium oxide fetio3 12023-70-0, Iron lithium oxide fe5lio8 12031-65-1, Lithium Nickel oxide linio2 12032-74-5, Manganese titanium oxide mntio3 12034-59-2, Niobium oxide nbo2 12035-39-1, Nickel titanium oxide nitio3 12036-21-4, Vanadium oxide vo2 12036-22-5, Tungsten dioxide 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn2o4 12137-09-6, Nickel oxide ni3o4 12164-05-5, Nickel sodium oxide nanio2 12190-79-3. Cobalt lithium oxide colio 212423-04-0, Lithium vanadium oxide liv3o8 12589-48-9, Barium nickel oxide banio2 13455-25-9 13568-36-0, Lithium nickel vanadium oxide linivo4 13568-40-6, Lithium molybdenum oxide li2moo4 13568-45-1, Lithium Tungsten oxide li2wo4 13587-35-4, Copper Tungsten oxide cuwo4 13597-56-3, Tungsten zinc oxide (WZnO4) 13767-32-3, Zinc molybdenum oxide znmoo4 13767-34-5, Copper molybdenum oxide cumoo4 14100-64-2, Calcium vanadium oxide cav2o6 14177-46-9, Manganese Tungsten oxide mnwo4 14177-51-6, Nickel Tungsten oxide niwo4 14958-34-0, Copper vanadium oxide cuv2o6 15060-59-0, Lithium Vanadium oxide livo3 15593-56-3, Lithium Vanadium oxide li3vo4 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 18868-43-4, Molybdenum dioxide 20619-24-3, Nickel vanadium oxide ni3v2o8 27774-13-6 37216-69-6, Cobalt Sodium oxide conao2 40573-22-6, Nickel vanadium oxide ni2v2o7 58398-67-7, Potassium vanadium oxide (K5V5O13) 95210-51-8, Lithium Tungsten oxide liwo3

127575-11-5, Lithium manganese oxide li2mn4o9 144973-42-2, Lithium manganese Nickel oxide limn0.3ni0.7o2 149852-75-5, Chromium lithium manganese oxide cr0.4limn1.6o4 183858-77-7, Copper molybdenum vanadium oxide (CuMoVO6) 183858-78-8, Copper molybdenum vanadium oxide (CuMo0.3V1.7O6) 183858-79-9, Copper molybdenum vanadium oxide (CuMo0.6V1.4O6) 183858-80-2, Barium nickel oxide (BaNi2O5) 183858-82-4, Chromium nickel zirconium oxide 183858-83-5, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide (LiMnVO3.5) 183858-84-6, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide (LiMn1.5V0.5O3.75) 183858-85-7, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide (LiMn1.75V0.25O3.88) (mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)

L34 ANSWER 13 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 117:254874 HCA Full-text

TI Photochargeable secondary batteries

IN Akuto, Takaharu; Hasuda, Yoshiaki; Ishizawa, Maki; Horie, Toshio

PA Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

PATENT NO.

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PI JP 04171681 A 19920618 JP 1990-300268
199011
06

KIND DATE

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JP 3025798

B2 20000327

PRAI JP 1990-300268

19901106 <--

AB The **batteries** have a cathode and an anode immersed in an electrolyte and sepd. from each other, an n-type semiconductor photoelectrode, having 1 side in contact with the electrolyte, elec. connected to the anode and insulated from the cathode, and/or a p-type semiconductor photoelectrode, having 1 side in contact with the electrolyte, elec. connected to the cathode and insulated from the anode.

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses

12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide

(BaTiO3), uses 13463-67-7, Titanium

oxide (TiO2), uses

(photochargeable secondary batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA
CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 13463-67-7 HCA
CN Titanium oxide (TiO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0=Ti=0

- IC ICM H01M014-00
- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST photochargeable secondary battery
- IT Semiconductor materials (electrodes, for photochargeable secondary batteries)
- IT Batteries, secondary (photochargeable, semiconductor photoelectrodes for)
- IT Electrodes
 (photoelectrochem., semiconductor, for photochargeable batteries)
- IT 409-21-2, Silicon carbide (SiC), uses 1302-09-6, Silver selenide (Ag2Se) 1303-11-3, Indium arsenide (InAs), uses 1306-23-6, Cadmium sulfide (CdS), uses 1306-24-7, Cadmium selenide (CdSe), uses 1308-38-9, Chromium oxide (Cr2O3), uses 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses 1313-27-5, Molybdenum oxide (MoO3), uses 1313-96-8, Niobium oxide (Nb2O5) 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide (ZnO), uses 1314-20-1, Thorium oxide (ThO2), uses 1314-35-8, Tungsten oxide (WO3), uses 1314-61-0, Tantalum oxide (Ta2O5) 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V2O5), uses 1314-98-3, Zinc sulfide (ZnS), uses 1315-11-3, Zinc telluride (ZnTe) 1327-50-0, Antimony telluride (Sb2Te3) 1345-07-9, Bismuth sulfide (Bi2S3) 7758-97-6 12002-99-2, Silver telluride (Ag2Te) 12047-27-7 , Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3), uses 12064-03-8 12068-69-8, Bismuth selenide (Bi2Se3) 12068-85-8, Iron sulfide (FeS2) 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide (TiO2), uses 18282-10-5, Tin oxide (SnO2) 20033-08-3, Manganese oxide (MnO3) 20601-83-6, Mercury selenide (HgSe) 21548-73-2, Silver sulfide (Ag2S) 22398-80-7, Indium phosphide (InP), uses 22831-42-1, Aluminum arsenide (AlAs) 25152-52-7 139284-70-1, Lithium tungsten oxide (Li0-1WO3) 144769-06-2, Lead oxide (PbO0-2) 144769-07-3, Potassium tungsten oxide (K0-1WO3) 144769-08-4, Sodium tungsten oxide (Na0-1WO3) (photochargeable secondary batteries)
- IT 81-31-2, Violanthrene 81-77-6 92-24-0, Tetracene 116-71-2,

Violanthrone 120-12-7, Anthracene, uses 128-64-3, Isoviolanthrone 128-70-1, Pyranthrone 129-00-0, Pyrene, uses 135-48-8, Pentacene 147-14-8, Copper phthalocyanine 190-26-1, Ovalene 191-07-1, Coronene 191-13-9, Pyranthrene 191-26-4, Anthanthrene 198-55-0, Perylene 475-71-8, Flavanthrone 574-93-6, Phthalocyanine 641-13-4, Anthanthrone 1303-00-0, Gallium arsenide (GaAs), uses 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses 1307-96-6, Cobalt oxide (CoO), uses 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses 1314-95-0, Tin sulfide (SnS) 1317-37-9, Iron sulfide (FeS) 4430-29-9, Isoviolanthrene 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-56-4, Germanium, uses 7681-65-4, Copper iodide (CuI) 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 7782-49-2, Selenium, uses 12036-32-7, Praseodymium oxide (Pr2O3) 12063-98-8, Gallium phosphide (GaP), uses 18868-43-4, Molybdenum oxide (MoO2) 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (Ag2O) 25067-58-7, Polyacetylene 25190-62-9, Poly-p-phenylene 25233-30-1, Polyaniline 25233-34-5, Polythiophene 30604-81-0, Polypyrrole 110640-13-6, Lead titanium zirconium oxide (PbTi0.7Zr0.3O3) 144470-21-3, Cyananthrone 144470-44-0, Indanthrone black (photoelectrode, in photochargeable secondary batteries)

L34 ANSWER 14 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 106:74847 HCA Full-text

TI Preparation and electrochemical behavior of doped manganese dioxide

AU Bauer, Juergen; Buss, Dieter H.; Glemser, Oskar

CS Inst. Anorg. Chem., Univ. Goettingen, Goettingen, D-3400, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO Berichte der Bunsen-Gesellschaft (1986), 90(12), 1220-3 CODEN: BBPCAX; ISSN: 0005-9021

DT Journal

LA English

Doped Mn dioxides were prepd. by homogeneous hydrolysis and oxidn. of manganese(III)-compds. Three sets of conditions were used: (a) oxidn. and hydrolysis in acid medium, (b) oxidn. and hydrolysis in basic medium, (c) oxidn. in acid and hydrolysis in basic medium. Doping elements were Mg, Ca, Sr, Ba, Al, Fe, Zn. All ppts. were essentially amorphous. The discharge capacity of products from (a) varied between 44 and 48 mAh/g except for the Al-doped product, which, as the no. of cycles increases, displays a continuous improvement of capacity up to 65 mAh/g, producing a hard discharge curve. Products from condition are remarkable with respect to both discharge capacity and cycle stability; the product doped with Ba had 91 mAh/g discharge capacity and this value remained const. for 320 cycles.

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses and miscellaneous

(doping by, of manganese dioxide, discharge capacity in relation to)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate (BaSO4)

(in doping of manganese dioxide, discharge capacity in relation to)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

IT 1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation

(prepn. and electrochem. behavior of doped, hydrolysis and oxidn.

of manganese(III) compds. in)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 52, 78

IT Cathodes

(battery, manganese dioxide contg. metal dopants,

discharge capacity in relation to)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses and miscellaneous 7439-89-6, Iron, uses and miscellaneous 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses and miscellaneous 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-39-3, Barium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2,

Calcium, uses and miscellaneous

(doping by, of manganese dioxide, discharge capacity in relation to)

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate (BaSO4)

(in doping of manganese dioxide, discharge capacity in relation to)

IT 1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation (prepn. and electrochem. behavior of doped, hydrolysis and oxidn. of manganese(III) compds. in)

L34 ANSWER 15 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 71:9121 HCA Full-text

TI Electrolytic production of 99.99% pure zinc

IN Wozniczko, Włodzimierz; Kubas, Jan; Jeliczko, Zbigniew; Laczek, Tadeusz; Lis, Władysław; Ficek, Pawel; Grabowski, Zbigniew; Syryczynski, Zygmunt

PA Zaklady Gorniczo-Hutnicze"Boleslaw" Przedsiebiorstwo Panstwowe

SO Pol., 5 pp.

CODEN: POXXA7

DT Patent

LA Polish

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI PL 54773

19680320 PL

196605

27

ABCalcined ZnO and zinc blende are treated with H2SO4 (esp. with the electrolyte contg. .apprx.110 g. H2SO4/1., recycled from the electrolytic cells) at 70°, sediments in the resulting mixt. allowed to settle out, and the ZnSO4 soln. filtered off. To remove impurities of the Fe group from this soln.. it is mixed with an addnl. amt. of the calcined ZnO or zinc blende and then with MnO2 or pyrolusite to oxidize Fe2+ and other impurities. After removing the suspension (sedimentation and filtration), the ZnSO4 soln. is continuously mixed with Zn-Cd slime from filters (the final stage of purification from Cd and Cu), the mixt. filtered, and the filtrate treated with Zn dust suspended in water. The ZnSO4 soln, is again sepd. by filtration, the remaining impurities Fe2+, Ni2+, As3+, Sb3+, and Sn2+ oxidized with KMnO4, pptd. at .apprx.32°, and sepd. in crystallizers, and the purified soln. (contg. Cd, Fe, Cu, Ni, Pb, As, Sb, and Cl in the amt. ≤ 0.0004 , 0.0003, 0.0001, 0.002, 0.0005, 0.0005, 0.0005, and 0.0050 g./l., resp., Co 0.006-0.008 g./l., Mn 1-18 g./l., and traces of Ge.) fed to the electrolytic cells. Electrolysis is at the ≤38°, the c.d. .apprx.400-420 amp./m.2, voltage 3.3-3.6 v., and distance between the anode and cathode ≤38 mm. To the electrolytic bath a mixt. of ground BaCO3 and SrCO3 is added in the amt. .apprx.2 kg./ton of the cathode Zn. Anodes are made of Pb-Ag alloy (1% Ag, max. 0.01% impurities), pickled in concd. H2SO4 at 80°, then oxidized at the surface (Pb to PbO2) with KMnO4 during 48 hrs. (the 1st 24 hrs. at .apprx.400 amp./m.2 and 3.6 v.) and covered with MnO2 slime. The passivation is repeated every month.

IT 7440-66-6P, preparation (electrochem.)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

IC C22D CC 77 (Electrochemistry) IT 7440-66-6P, preparation (electrochem.)

=> D L35 1-14 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L35 ANSWER 1 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 144:54466 HCA Full-text

TI Primary alkaline battery

IN Koji, Yasuhiko; Adachi, Koji

PA Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PRAI JP 2004-173657

20040611 <---

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AB The **battery** has a cathode mixt. comprising a **MnO2** -contg. active mass and a gel-like **anode** comprising a **Zn**-contg. **anode**; where the cathode mixt. and/or the anode contains a a sulfite salt.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.

batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

O = Mn = O

Zn

IT 7787-39-5, Barium sulfite

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.

batteries)

RN 7787-39-5 HCA

CN Sulfurous acid, barium salt (1:1) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

IC ICM H01M004-62

ICS H01M004-06; H01M006-06

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST primary alk battery electrode additive sulfite salt

IT Battery electrodes

Primary batteries

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.

batteries)

IT 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese

dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.

batteries)

IT 7757-83-7, Sodium sulfite 7787-39-5, Barium sulfite

10117-38-1, Potassium sulfite 13453-87-7

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.

batteries)

IT 9003-04-7, Sodium polyacrylate

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.

batteries)

L35 ANSWER 2 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 140:377851 HCA Full-text

TI Study on alkaline Zn-super-iron(VI) battery

AU Sun, Yan-zhi; Pan, Jun-qing; Wan, Ping-yu; Liu, Xiao-guang

CS Faculty of Science, Beijing University of Chemical Technology,

Beijing, 100029, Peop. Rep. China

SO Dianyuan Jishu (2003), 27(6), 518-521

CODEN: DIJIFT; ISSN: 1002-087X

PB Dianyuan Jishu Bianjibu

DT Journal

LA Chinese

AB A new type of alk. battery with a super-Fe (K2FeO4 or BaFeO4) cathode and **Zn anode** was developed. The electrochem. properties of Zn-super-Fe(VI) batteries were studied by testing their discharge capacity at different loads and temps. The discharge capacity of Zn-BaFeO4 and Zn-K2FeO4 in AA and AAA cell configuration increased 56 .apprx. 116% compared to that of conventional alk. Zn-MnO2 battery during low, medium, and high const. load discharging. Discharge time of Zn-super-Fe(VI) in AA cell configuration is 95% longer than that of std. Zn-MnO2 battery for high const. load discharging. The cycle life of a Zn-super-Fe(VI) battery is >150 times at 35% depth of discharge.

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(anode; alk. Zn-super-iron(VI)

batteries)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide (BaFeO4) (cathode; alk. Zn-super-iron(VI) batteries)

RN 13773-23-4 HCA

CN Barium iron oxide (BaFeO4) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Com	ponent		Ratio Registr	Component y Number	+	
0		4	17	7778-80-2		
Ba	Ì	1	74	440-39-3		
Fe	ĺ	1	j 74	439-89-6		•

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST alk super iron battery zinc anode

ferrate cathode

IT Battery cathodes

Secondary batteries

(alk. Zn-super-iron(VI) batteries)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(anode; alk. Zn-super-iron(VI)

batteries)

IT 13718-66-6, Iron potassium oxide (FeK2O4) 13773-23-4,

Barium iron oxide (BaFeO4) (cathode; alk. Zn-super-iron(VI) batteries)

L35 ANSWER 3 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 136:250321 HCA Full-text

TI Alkaline zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode

IN Davis, Stuart M.; Wang, Enoch

PA The Gillette Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2002025760

A2 20020328 WO 2001-US27430 200109

05

WO 2002025760 A3 20030912

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 6489056

B1 20021203 US 2000-664068

200009

18

AU 2001087064

A5 20020402 AU 2001-87064 200109

05

EP 1358688

A2 20031105 EP 2001-966561 200109

200

05

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

JP 2004509445

T 20040325 JP 2002-528865

200109

05

US 2003049520

A1 20030313

US 2002-277354

200210

22

PRAI US 2000-664068

A1 20000918 <--

WO 2001-US27430 W 20010905 <--

AB An alk. battery has a cathode including a hydrogen absorbing material and an anode including zinc free of lead, mercury, or cadmium. The H-absorbing cathode material includes a Ni oxyhydroxide, a Cu oxide, a Ba permanganate, a chem. produced MnO2, a silver oxide, or a Ag permanganate.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses 7787-36-2, Barium permanganate

(alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing

material cathode)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

RN 7787-36-2 HCA

CN Permanganic acid (HMnO4), barium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●1/2 Ba

IC ICM H01M006-06

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST zinc battery hydrogen absorbing material cathode

IT Absorption

Primary batteries

(alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

IT Battery cathodes

(hydrogen-absorbing; alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1317-38-0, Copper oxide cuo, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate 7787-36-2, Barium permanganate 12026-04-9, Nickel hydroxide oxide niooh 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

IT 7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses 7440-74-6, Indium, uses (alk. zinc primary **battery** with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses (alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

L35 ANSWER 4 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 136:186557 HCA Full-text

TI Hydroxide activated AgMnO4 alkaline cathodes, alone and in combination with Fe(VI) super-iron, BaFeO4

AU Licht, Stuart; Ghosh, Susanta; Naschitz, Vera

CS Department of Chemistry and Institute of Catalysis, Technion Israel Institute Of Technology, Haifa, 32000, Israel

SO Electrochemical and Solid-State Letters (2001), 4(12), A209-A212

CODEN: ESLEF6; ISSN: 1099-0062

PB Electrochemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB In principle, silver permanganate, AgMnO4, represents a substantial cathodic charge source for electrochem. storage, but exhibits poor charge transfer. This study presents a novel hydroxide activation of AgMnO4, as well as an active composite cathode of Fe(VI) (super iron) and AgMnO4. The Fe(VI) composite cathode contains BaFeO4, AgMnO4, and KOH. Evidence relates the hydroxide activation to a reaction intermediate, K2MnO4/AgO, which preserves the intrinsic AgMnO4 high charge capacity. Also presented is the high discharge energies resulting from these cathodic phenomena in alk. primary batteries. Cathodes included either AgMnO4 alone, 67% AgMnO4 with 33% KOH, or a composite of 39% AgMnO4, 12% KOH, and 49% BaFeO4 (barium super iron). Probed with a conventional alk. zinc anode in a AAA cylindrical configuration, AgMnO4 alone discharged to 0.8 Wh at 75 Ω, a value low compared to a conventional alk. MnO2 discharge of 1.5 Wh.

The KOH or Fe(VI) activated cathode cells each discharge to 2.0 W; yielding a 2.5-fold increase in discharge capacity compared to the simple AgMnO4 cathode.

IT 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide BaFeO4

(hydroxide activated AgMnO4 alk. cathodes, alone and in combination with Fe(VI) super-iron, BaFeO4)

RN 13773-23-4 HCA

CN Barium iron oxide (BaFeO4) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Com	ponent 		Ratio Component Registry Number	
0		4	17778-80-2	_ +
Ba ·		1	7440-39-3	
Fe		1	7439-89-6	

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST battery cathode silver permanganate potassium hydroxide barium iron oxide
- IT Battery cathodes

(hydroxide activated AgMnO4 alk. cathodes, alone and in combination with Fe(VI) super-iron, BaFeO4)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, processes 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide BaFeO4

14127-55-0, Iron 6+, processes

(hydroxide activated AgMnO4 alk. cathodes, alone and in combination with Fe(VI) super-iron, BaFeO4)

RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 5 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 126:34350 HCA Full-text

TI Alkaline battery having cathode containing titanate additive

IN Swierbut, Wendi M.; Nardi, John C.

PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 5 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FA	FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO.		KIND DATE APPLICATI		DATE
ΡI	US 5569564	Α	19961029	US 1995-479591 199506	

07

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CA 2178422
                     19961208
                 A1
                                CA 1996-2178422
                                 199606
                                 06
                        <--
JP 09139201
                     19970527
                               JP 1996-143931
                                 199606
                                 06
                A1 19961211
EP 747980
                               EP 1996-304260
                                 199606
                                 07
                    19990811
EP 747980
                B1
  R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
CN 1146640
                 Α
                     19970402 CN 1996-110352
                                 199606
                                 07
SG 72693
                    20000523
                               SG 1996-10011
               A1
                                 199606
                                 07
                       <--
TW 409437
                В
                     20001021
                               TW 1996-85109450
                                 199608
                                 05
                       <--
HK 1007407
                                HK 1998-106310
                 A1
                     20000929
                                 199806
                                 24
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PRAIUS 1995-479591 A 19950607 <--

AB A battery cathode includes a MnO2 active material and a titanate additive, which includes BaTiO3 and/or K2TiO3. This cathode is esp. adapted for use in a battery having a Zn anode and an alk. electrolyte.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses (cathode of alk. batteries contg. barium titanate and/or potassium titanate additive)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

(manganese dioxide cathode of alk. batteries contg. additive of) RN 12047-27-7 HCA CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME) ***.STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE *** IC ICM H01M004-50 INCL 424224000 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST battery cathode manganese dioxide titanate additive; barium titanate additive manganese dioxide cathode; potassium titanate additive manganese dioxide cathode IT Battery cathodes (manganese dioxide contg. barium titanate and/or potassium titanate additive) IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO2), uses (cathode of alk. batteries contg. barium titanate and/or potassium titanate additive) IT 12030-97-6, Potassium titanate (K2TiO3) 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO3), uses (manganese dioxide cathode of alk. batteries contg. additive of) L35 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 125:91382 HCA Full-text TI Additives for alkaline batteries having manganese dioxide cathodes IN Davis, Stuart M.; Haines, Christopher P.; Leef, Alexander A.; Moses, Peter R. PA Duracell Inc., USA SO U.S., 4 pp. **CODEN: USXXAM** DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE PI US 5532085 19960702 US 1995-518120 199508 22 <--

IL 117166 A 20000726 IL 1996-117166 199602 18 <--ZA 9601298 A 19960827 ZA 1996-1298 199602

19

CA 2229564

A1 19970306

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CA 1996-2229564

199603

29

WO 9708770

A1 19970306

WO 1996-US4268

199603

29

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W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML

AU 9654343

A 19970319 A

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AU 1996-54343

199603

29

EP 852821

A1 19980715

EP 1996-911460

199603

29

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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT,

IE, FI

BR 9610196

19980811 BR 1996-10196

199802

19

PRAI US 1995-518120

A 19950822 <--

WO 1996-US4268

W 19960329 <--

AB The invention relates to alk. batteries contg. manganese dioxide cathode active material. A substance selected from CaWO4, MgTiO3, BaTiO3, CaTiO3, ZnMn2O4, and Bi12TiO20 is added to the cathode of conventional alk. cells typically having an anode comprising zinc and cathode comprising manganese dioxide and an alk. electrolyte. The additive increases the service life of the cell.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk.

batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO3), uses (additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk. batteries)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO3) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IC ICM H01M004-50 ICS H01M004-42

INCL 429224000

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery manganese dioxide cathode additive; calcium tungstate additive manganese dioxide cathode; magnesium titanate additive manganese dioxide cathode; barium titanate additive manganese dioxide cathode; calcium titanate additive manganese dioxide cathode

IT Cathodes

(battery, additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk. batteries)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses (additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk. batteries)

IT 7790-75-2, Calcium tungstate (CaWO4) 12032-30-3, Magnesium titanate (MgTiO3) 12032-94-9, Zinc manganate (ZnMn2O4) 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO3), uses 12049-50-2, Calcium titanate (CaTiO3) 12441-73-5, Bismuth titanate (Bi12TiO20) (additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk. batteries)

L35 ANSWER 7 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 124:237217 HCA Full-text

TI Manufacture of nonaqueous electrolyte batteries with in situ alloyed anodes

IN Sato, Hiromi; Sadakuni, Sakae; Ooo, Fumio

PA Matsushita Electric Ind Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 07335260 A 19951222 JP 1994-127746

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JP 3111807

B2 20001127

PRAI JP 1994-127746

19940609 <--

AB Li batteries using MnO2 cathodes contg. 0.01-10 wt.% Al, In, Sn, Pb, Bi, Ga, Sr, Si, Zn, Cd, Ca, and/or Ba are prepd. by discharging 0.5-8.0% of the battery capacity and charging 0.1-2.0% of the capacity after assembling. The metal additives in the cathode form alloy with the Li anode during charge and discharge and render the batteries high discharge voltage.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(manganese dioxide cathodes contg. metal additives for in situ alloying of lithium anodes in **batteries**)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses (manganese dioxide cathodes contg. metal additives for in situ alloying of lithium anodes in batteries)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ва

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IC ICM H01M010-40 ICS H01M010-44

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST battery lithium anode in situ alloying; manganese dioxide cathode lithium alloying metal

IT Anodes

(battery, manuf. of lithium alloy anodes by in situ

alloying of lithium with metal additives in cathodes in batteries)

IT Lithium alloy, base (manuf. of lithium alloy anodes by in situ alloying of lithium with metal additives in cathodes in batteries)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses (manganese dioxide cathodes contg. metal additives for in situ alloying of lithium anodes in batteries)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-92-1, Lead, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-39-3, Barium, uses 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses 7440-74-6, Indium, uses

(manganese dioxide cathodes contg. metal additives for in situ alloying of lithium anodes in **batteries**)

IT 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses (manuf. of lithium alloy anodes by in situ alloying of lithium with metal additives in cathodes in batteries)

L35 ANSWER 8 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 111:81314 HCA Full-text

TI Development of corrosion resistant zinc alloys for alkaline manganese dioxide batteries

AU Miura, Akira; Takata, Kanji; Okazaki, Ryoji; Ogawa, Hiromichi; Uemura, Toyohide; Nakamura, Yoshinobu; Kasahara, Nobuyoshi

CS Tech. Lab., Matsushita Battery Ind. Co., Moriguchi, 570, Japan

SO Denki Kagaku oyobi Kogyo Butsuri Kagaku (1989), 57(6), 459-64

CODEN: DKOKAZ; ISSN: 0366-9297

DT Journal

LA Japanese

AB About 200 Zn alloys, prepd. by combining 2 or 3 elements chosen from 15 additives, were used to evaluate H evolution from their powders in KOH electrolyte with regard to application as corrosion-resistant alloys in alk. MnO2 dry batteries. The H evolution rate of a Zn base alloy at an amalgamation amt. of 1% Hg and contg. In 0.02, Pb 0.05, and Al 0.05% is the same as that of a Zn amalgam contg. 9% Hg. The effect of additive elements was elucidated in view of the high H overvoltage of the additive and the retardation of Hg diffusion into the Zn matrix.

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, uses and miscellaneous

(zinc amalgam contg., hydrogen evolution from, for alk. manganese dioxide battery anodes)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 56
- ST battery corrosion resistant zinc anode ; mercury zinc amalgam anode battery; indium additive zinc amalgam anode; lead additive zinc amalgam anode; aluminum additive zinc amalgam anode
- IT Anodes

(battery, zinc amalgam, contg. metal additives, for alk. manganese dioxide batteries)

- IT 39305-93-6 (anodes, contg. metal additives, for alk. manganese dioxide batteries)
- IT 1333-74-0P, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous (evolution of, from zinc amalgam contg. metal additives, in potassium hydroxide electrolytes, for manganese dioxide battery anodes)
- IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses and miscellaneous 7439-92-1, Lead, uses and miscellaneous 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses and miscellaneous 7440-22-4, Silver, uses and miscellaneous 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-39-3, Barium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-74-6, Indium, uses and miscellaneous (zinc amalgam contg., hydrogen evolution from, for alk. manganese dioxide battery anodes)

L35 ANSWER 9 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 107:220567 HCA Full-text

TI Zinc alkaline batteries

IN Kasahara, Nobuyori; Uemura, Toyohide; Kagawa, Keiichi; Okazaki, Ryoji; Takada, Kanji; Miura, Akira

PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 62176050 A 19870801 JP 1986-15764 198601 29

JP 06028158

B 19940413

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PRAI JP 1986-15764

19860129 <---

AB The anode active material of the title **batteries** is made of Zn alloys contg. In 0.005-0.5, Ba and/or Be 0.005-0.5, and Co and/or Ga 0.005-0.5%. Thus, a Zn-base alloy contg. 0.05% each of In, Ba and Co was pulverized in Ar stream, amalgamated to contain 1% Hg, and immersed in 40% KOH satd. with ZnO at 45° for 50 days. The amt. of evolved H was 0.04 mL/g, vs. 0.08 mL/g for Zn-5% Hg alloy. When discharged continuously at 20° through a 4-Ω load to 0.9-V cutoff, an alk. Zn-**MnO2** battery using this alloy had a discharge time of 110% of that of a battery using a Zn-5% Hg alloy anode.

IT 111312-93-7 111312-94-8 111312-97-1

(anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution suppression,)

RN 111312-93-7 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98-99,Hg 1,Ba 0-0.5,Be 0-0.5,Co 0-0.5,Ga 0-0.5,In 0-0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component Component Component Percent Registry Number

98 - 99 7440-66-6 Zn 1 7439-97-6 Hg 0 - 0.57440-39-3 Ba Be 0 - 0.57440-41-7 0 - 0.57440-48-4 Co Ga 0 - 0.57440-55-3 0 - 0.57440-74-6 In

RN 111312-94-8 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,Ba 0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component Component

RN 111312-97-1 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,In 0.5,Ba 0.2,Be 0.2,Co 0.2,Ga 0.2 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component Component Component Percent Registry Number

Zn	98	7440-66-6	
Hg	1	7439-97-6	
In	0.5	7440-74-6	
Ba	0.2	7440-39-3	
Be	0.2	7440-41-7	
Co	0.2	7440-48-4	
Ga	0.2	7440-55-3	

IC ICM H01M004-42

ICA C22C018-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST anode zine amalgam battery; indium barium zine amalgam anode; cobalt indium zine amalgam anode

IT Anodes

(battery, zinc alloy amalgam, for hydrogen evolution suppression)

IT 104275-86-7 111312-93-7 111312-94-8

111312-95-9 111312-96-0 **111312-97-1** 111347-52-5 (anodes, for alk. **batteries**, for hydrogen evolution suppression,)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous (suppression of evolution of, in batteries, zinc alloy amalgams for)

L35 ANSWER 10 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 107:220565 HCA Full-text

TI Zinc alkaline batteries

IN Kasahara, Nobuyori; Uemura, Toyohide; Kagawa, Keiji; Okazaki, Ryoji; Takada, Kanji; Miura, Akira

PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

29

PRAI JP 1986-15763

19860129 <---

AB Zn alloys contg. Th 0.005-0.5; Co 0.005-0.5; and Be, Ba, and/or Cd) 0.005-0.5% are used as **anodes** for alk. **Zn batteries.** Thus, a Zn alloy contg. 0.05% each of Tl, Co, and Be was pulverized in Ar stream, amalgamated to contain 1% Hg, and immersed in 40% KOH satd. with ZnO at 45, for 50 days. The amt. of H evolved was 0.06 mL/g, vs 0.08 mL for a Zn-5% Hg alloy. An alk. Zn-**MnO2** battery using an anode of the 1st alloy had a discharge time (at 20° through a 4-Ω load continuously to 0.9-V cutoff) of 110 h vs 100 h for a battery using a Zn-5% Hg alloy anode.

IT 111312-94-8 111378-03-1

(anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution suppression)

RN 111312-94-8 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,Ba 0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component Component

	Percent	Registry Number	·
Zn	98	7440-66-6	
Hg	1	7439-97-6	
Ba	0.5	7440-39-3	

RN 111378-03-1 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,Co 0.5,Tl 0.5,Cd 0.3,Ba 0.1,Be 0.1 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component Component Component Percent Registry Number

		======+==	
Zn	98	7440-66-6	
Hg	1	7439-97-6	
Co	. 0.5	7440-48-4	
Tl	0.5	7440-28-0	
Cd	0.3	7440-43-9	
Ba	0.1	7440-39-3	
Be	0.1	7440-41-7	

IC ICM H01M004-42

ICA C22C018-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST battery anode zinc alloy amalgam;

thallium zinc alloy amalgam anode; cobalt zinc alloy amalgam anode; beryllium zinc alloy amalgam anode; barium zinc alloy amalgam anode; cadmium zinc alloy amalgam anode

IT Anodes

(battery, zinc alloy amalgam, for hydrogen

evolution suppression)

IT 39305-93-6 104275-88-9 111312-94-8 111312-95-9

111378-01-9 111378-02-0 111378-03-1

(anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution suppression)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous (suppressing of evolution of, in alk. batteries, zinc alloy amalgams for)

L35 ANSWER 11 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 107:220547 HCA Full-text

TI Zinc alkaline batteries

IN Kasahara, Nobuyori; Uemura, Toyohide; Kagawa, Keiichi; Okazaki, Ryoji; Takada, Kanji; Miura, Akira

PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
-----PI JP 62123654 A 19870604 JP 1985-262491
198511
25

JP 03075983 B 19911204

PRAI JP 1985-262491

19851125 <--

AB Zn alloys for use in the title **batteries** contain Pb 0.005-0.5, In 0.001-0.5, Al 0.005-0.5, and a total amt. of 0.0001-0.5% Be, Ca, Sr, and/or Ba. The alloys can be amalgamated. Appropriate amts. of metals were melted at 500°, atomized with 5 kg Ar/cm2, and amalgamated in 10% KOH to contain 1.0% Hg. When placed in contact with ZnO-satd. 40% KOH at 45° for 50 days, alloys of the invention generated 0.04-0.07 mL H/g vs. 0.08 mL H/g for Zn-5% Hg alloy. Alk. Zn-**MnO2** batteries using alloys of the invention for anodes had discharge times of 101-107% of those of batteries using Zn-5% Hg alloy anodes when discharged through 4-Ω loads to 0.9-V cutoff.

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, uses and miscellaneous

(anodes contg., aluminum-indium-lead-zinc amalgam, for hydrogen-evolution suppression in alk. batteries)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM H01M004-42 ICA C22C018-00 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 56 ST battery zinc alloy amalgam anode; lead zinc alloy amalgam anode; aluminum zinc alloy amalgam anode; indium zinc alloy amalgam anode IT Anodes (battery, zinc alloy amalgam, for suppression of hydrogen evolution) IT 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-39-3, Barium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-41-7, Beryllium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses and miscellaneous (anodes contg., aluminum-indium-lead-zinc amalgam, for hydrogen-evolution suppression in alk. batteries) IT 111403-58-8 (anodes, for hydrogen-evolution suppression in alk. batteries) IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous (suppression of evolution of, in alk. batteries, zinc alloy amalgams for) L35 ANSWER 12 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 107:202202 HCA Full-text TI Zinc alkaline batteries IN Kasahara, Nobuyori; Uemura, Toyohide; Kagawa, Keiichi; Okazaki, Ryoji; Takada, Kanji; Miura, Akira PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 **DATE** APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE PI JP 62176051 19870801 JP 1986-15765 Α 198601 29

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19940413

19860129 <--

В

JP 06028159

PRAI JP 1986-15765

AB Zn-base alloys contg. In and/or Th 0.005-0.5, Pb (Cd and/or Ga) 0.005-0.5, Li (Na and/or Ba) 0.005-0.5, and Ni and/or Co 0.005-0.5% are used as **anodes** for alk. **Zn batteries**. Thus, a Zn alloy contg. 0.05% each of In, Pb, Li and Ni was pulverized in Ar stream, amalgamated to contain 1% Hg, and immersed in ZnO-satd. 40% KOH at 45° for 50 days. The amt. of evolved H was 0.04 mL/g vs. 0.08 mL/g for Zn-5% Hg alloy. When discharged continuously at 20° through a 4-Ω load to 0.9-V cutoff, an alk. Zn-MnO2 battery using this alloy had a discharge time of 110% of that of a battery using a Zn-5% Hg alloy anode.

IT 111312-94-8 111312-98-2

(anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution suppression)

RN 111312-94-8 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,Ba 0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component Component Component

			Registry Number	
-	Zn	98	7440-66-6	
	Hg	1	7439-97-6	
	Ba	0.5	7440-39-3	

RN 111312-98-2 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 97-99,Hg 1,Ba 0-0.5,Cd 0-0.5,Co 0-0.5,Ga 0-0.5,In 0-0.5,Li 0-0.5,Na 0-0.5,Ni 0-0.5,Pb 0-0.5,Tl 0-0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component Component Percent Registry Number

Zn ·	+ 97 - 99	7440-66-6	
Hg	1	7439-97-6	
Ba	0 - 0.5	7440-39-3	
Cd	0 - 0.5	7440-43-9	
Co	0 - 0.5	7440-48-4	
Ga	0 - 0.5	7440-55-3	
In	0 - 0.5	7440-74-6	
Li	0 - 0.5	7439-93-2	
Na	0 - 0.5	7440-23-5	
Ni	0 - 0.5	7440-02-0	
Pb	0 - 0.5	7439-92-1	
Tl	0 - 0.5	7440-28-0	

IC ICM H01M004-42

ICA C22C018-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST anode zinc amalgam battery; lead

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lithium zinc amalgam anode; nickel indium
  zinc amalgam anode
IT Anodes
    (battery, zinc alloy amalgams, for hydrogen
    evolution suppression)
IT 104275-86-7 104275-87-8 104275-88-9 111312-94-8
   111312-95-9 111312-98-2 111312-99-3 111313-00-9
   111313-01-0 111313-02-1 111313-03-2 111313-04-3
    (anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution
    suppression)
IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous
    (suppression of evolution of, in alk. batteries, zinc
    alloy amalgams for)
L35 ANSWER 13 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 105:122976 HCA Full-text
TI Zinc alkaline battery
IN Miura, Akira; Takata, Kanji; Okazaki, Ryoji; Uemura, Toyohide;
  Kagawa, Keiichi
PA Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan; Mitsui Mining and
  Smelting Co., Ltd.
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 27 pp.
  CODEN: EPXXDW
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
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PI EP 185497
                        19860625 EP 1985-308930
                   A1
                                     198512
                                     09
                           <--
  EP 185497
                   B1 19880420
     R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
  JP 61140062
                   Α
                        19860627 JP 1984-262135
                                     198412
                                     12
  JP 61140065
                        19860627 JP 1984-262138
                                     198412
                                     12
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19860813

JP 1985-20372 198502 05

JP 61181068

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  JP 03065619
                        19911014
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                        19860813
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                        19911014
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  JP 03065623
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                    В
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PRAI JP 1984-262135
                            19841212 <---
  JP 1984-262138
                         19841212 <--
                     Α
                         19850205 <--
  JP 1985-20372
                    Α
  JP 1985-20373
                    Α
                         19850205 <--
  JP 1985-230159
                         19851016 <--
                     Α
                         19851016 <---
  JP 1985-230161
                     Α
  JP 1985-231599
                     Α
                         19851017 <---
  US 1985-804821
                      A1 19851205 <--
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AB The title **battery** uses **MnO2**, Ag2O, etc. cathodes and **anodes** of **Zn** alloys contg. Ni 0.01-0.5; In, Pb, Ga, and/or Cd 0.01-0.5; and optionally Al, Mg, Ca, Ba, and/or Sr 0.05-0.2%. The use of these alloys

decreases the amt. of Hg used in manuf. of a low-pollution Zn alk. battery and for amalgamation of the anode surface for corrosion inhibition. Thus, various amalgamated (1.5%) Zn alloys according to the invention were prepd. and evaluated in button-type Ag2O battery for discharge performance, change in total height, and no. of batteries showing leakage after standing at 60° and 90% relative humidity for 1 mo. Superior results were demonstrated for these batteries vs. those having anodes of Zn amalgam contg. 0 or 1 addnl. element (0.01-0.1 Ni; 0.1% Pb, Ga, or Cd).

IT 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous (anodes from zinc amalgam contg., for leakproof and stable batteries)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ва

IC ICM H01M004-42 ICS C22C018-00

CC 72-3 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 52, 56

ST zinc alloy battery anode; nickel indium zinc alloy anode; lead nickel zinc alloy anode; gallium nickel zinc alloy anode; cadmium nickel zinc alloy anode; aluminum nickel zinc alloy anode; magnesium nickel zinc alloy anode; calcium nickel zinc alloy anode; barium nickel zinc alloy anode; strontium nickel zinc alloy anode; amalgam lead nickel zinc anode; silver oxide zinc battery leakage

IT Anodes

(battery, indium-nickel-zinc alloy amalgam, manuf. and performance of)

IT 7439-95-4, uses and miscellaneous 7440-24-6, uses and miscellaneous 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2, uses and miscellaneous (anodes from zinc amalgam contg., for leakproof and stable batteries)

IT 103917-10-8 103917-11-9 103917-12-0 103917-13-1 103917-14-2 103917-15-3 103917-16-4 103917-17-5 103917-18-6 103917-19-7 103917-20-0 103917-21-1 103917-22-2 104275-77-6 (anodes, for leakproof and stable batteries)

L35 ANSWER 14 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 104:158028 HCA Full-text TI Rechargeable manganese(IV) oxide materials

AU Wroblowa, H. S.; Gupta, N.; Yao, Yung Fang

CS Ford Res. Staff, Dearborn, MI, USA

SO Battery Material Symposium, [Proceedings] (1985), 2nd, 203-19

CODEN: BMSPEW

DT Journal

LA English

AB A discussion is given on the improvement of rechargeable properties of modified MnO2 electrodes in the absence of complications introduced by the presence of zincate ions leading to the formation of haeterollite. Phys. modified materials were prepd. by admixing foreign metal (M) oxides to Mn oxides. The M/Mn molar ratios varied between 0.01 and 0.25. Among the metals ions used were those of Al, Ag, Ba, Bi, Ca, Ce, Cu, K, La, Mn, Na, Pb, Sb, Sn, Y, Zn; of these, Ba2+ and Sb3+ imparted a rechargeability somewhat better than that obsd. for nonmodified γ-MnO2 electrodes. The nature of the rechargeability of modified materials requires further study.

IT 1313-13-9, uses and miscellaneous

(cathodes, rechargeability of, metal additive effect on)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 = Mn = 0

T 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous 7440-66-6, uses and miscellaneous
 (manganese dioxide battery cathodes contg., rechargeability in relation to)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ва

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

CC 72-3 (Electrochemistry)

IT Cathodes

(battery, manganese dioxide, rechargeability of, metal

additive effect on)

IT 1313-13-9, uses and miscellaneous (cathodes, rechargeability of, metal additive effect on)

IT 7429-90-5, uses and miscellaneous 7439-91-0, uses and miscellaneous 7439-92-1, uses and miscellaneous 7439-96-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-09-7, uses and miscellaneous 7440-22-4, uses and miscellaneous 7440-23-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-31-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-36-0, uses and miscellaneous 7440-45-1, uses and miscellaneous 7440-50-8, uses and miscellaneous 7440-65-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-66-6, uses and miscellaneous 7440-69-9, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2, uses and miscellaneous (manganese dioxide battery cathodes contg., rechargeability in relation to)

=> D HIS L36-

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 13:14:26 ON 02 AUG 2007

L36 1073 S (ZINC# OR ZN)(3A)MNO2

L37 827 S L8 AND L36

L38 4 S L37 AND (L9-L12)

L39 12 S L37 AND L24

L40 5 S (L38 OR L39) NOT (L33 OR L34 OR L35)

L41 3 S 1840-2004/PY,PRY AND L40

=> D L41 1-3 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L41 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:119832 HCA Full-text

TI Chemical synthesis of ferrate iron(VI) and its electrochemical properties

AU Pan, Jun-qing; Sun, Yan-zhi; Wan, Ping-yu; Chen, Yong-mei; Liu, Xiao-guang

CS College of Science, Beijing University of Chemical Technology, Beijing, 100029, Peop. Rep. China

SO Beijing Huagong Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban (2003), 30(2), 97-100

CODEN: BHDXAA; ISSN: 1671-4628

PB Beijing Huagong Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban Bianji Weiyuanhui

DT Journal

LA Chinese

High-purity potassium and barium ferrate were prepd. by alk. oxidn. of Fe(OH)3 with hypochlorite. The const. current discharge properties of BaFeO4 and K2FeO4 cathodes were studied. The high load discharge properties of the Zn batteries based on BaFeO4 and K2FeO4 cathode were investigated. Exptl. results indicate that the discharge capacity of BaFeO4 and K2FeO4 cathode is 0.56-1.16 times higher than that of conventional electrolytic MnO2 cathode under low, medium, and high const. load discharge. The discharge time of the Zn batteries with BaFeO4 and K2FeO4 cathode is longer than that of std. Zn/MnO2 during high const. load discharge.

IT 13773-23-4, Barium ferrate (BaFeO4)

(prepn. and electrochem. properties of barium and potassium ferrate used as cathodes in zinc batteries)

RN 13773-23-4 HCA

CN Barium iron oxide (BaFeO4) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Com	ponent		Ratio	Component	
	1		Re	gistry Number	
====:		====	+====		_+=====================================
O	1	4	1	17778-80-2	
Ba	1	1	ĺ	7440-39-3	
Fe	ĺ	1	ĺ	7439-89-6	

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST barium ferrate prepn; potassium ferrate prepn; zinc battery ferrate cathode
- IT Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(prepn. and electrochem. properties of barium and potassium ferrate used as cathodes in zinc batteries)

IT 13718-66-6, Potassium ferrate (K2FeO4) 13773-23-4, Barium ferrate (BaFeO4)

(prepn. and electrochem. properties of barium and potassium ferrate used as cathodes in zinc batteries)

L41 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 97:185340 HCA Full-text

TI Effect of sodium(+), potassium(+), ammonium, calcium(2+), and barium(2+) ions in manganese dioxide deposits on the electrical characteristics of manganese-zinc batteries

AU Dzhaparidze, L. N.; Abashidze, E. I.; Kakuriya, L. Sh.

CS Inst. Neorg. Khim. Elektrokhim., Tbilisi, USSR

SO Izvestiya Akademii Nauk Gruzinskoi SSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya (1982), 8(1), 48-54

CODEN: IGSKDH; ISSN: 0132-6074

DT Journal

LA Russian

AB Effects of the title cations on the performance of MnO2- Zn batteries and the structure of MnO2 are reported, and the importance of leaching of the electrolytic MnO2 is emphasized.

IT 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous (cathodes contg., manganese dioxide, battery, performance and structure of)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ва

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST sodium effect manganese dioxide; potassium effect manganese dioxide; ammonium effect manganese dioxide; calcium effect manganese dioxide; barium effect manganese dioxide; battery manganese dioxide zinc

IT Cathodes

(battery, manganese dioxide, performance and structure of, effect of cations on)

IT 7440-09-7, uses and miscellaneous 7440-23-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2, uses and miscellaneous 14798-03-9, uses and miscellaneous

(cathodes contg., manganese dioxide, battery, performance and structure of)

IT 1313-13-9, uses and miscellaneous (cathodes, **battery**, performance and structure of, effect of cations on)

L41 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 13:14196 HCA Full-text

OREF 13:2814c-f

TI The commercial rating of pocket-flash-light batteries. (Leclanche cells.)

AU Lux, H.

SO Elektrotechnische Zeitschrift (1919), 40, 19-22

CODEN: ELZEAM; ISSN: 0424-0200

DT Journal

LA Unavailable

AB The manuf. of small batteries was an important item in Germany during the war. The scarcity of MnO2, and Zn and the tendency to market inferior batteries gave rise to stringent specifications which were drawn up by a union of flash-light-battery manufacturers. The situation today is better than before the war. The quality is very uniform today although it is conceded that batteries with an 8-hr. life have disappeared from the market entirely. According to the German specifications a new battery's open-circuit voltage must not be less than 4.5 when detd. with a voltmeter of 100 ohm per volt resistance. When short-circuited through a resistance of 15 ohms the battery voltage must not be less than 3.9. The battery must have a life of 2.5 (grade B) to 3 (grade A) hrs. when discharged

continuously through 15 ohms a drop to 1.8 volts detg. end of "life." As regards the shelf test, the **battery** must show a potential of at least 3.4 volts when shorted through 15 ohms after 13 weeks. One of the standard types of cells has a Zn container 20 mm. in diam. by 55 mm. high. The C rod is 16 mm. in diam. by 40 mm. in length. Traces of Cu or Fe in the MnO2 or C rod tend to reduce the efficiency and life of **battery** considerably. Full details of tests are given. [Cf. also Ibid 40, 147 (1919).]

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate (in accumulators, function of)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

CC 4 (Electrochemistry)
IT Flash light
 (batteries, com. rating of)
IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate
 (in accumulators, function of)

=> FILE REG

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	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:32:38 ON 02 AUG 2007
	E BARIUM SULFATE/CN
L1	1 S E3
	E BARIUM HYDROXIDE/CN
L2	1 S E3
	E BARIUM CARBONATE/CN
L3	1 S E3
	E BARIUM OXIDE/CN
L4	1 S E3
L5	140 S (BA (L) O)/ELS (L) 2/ELC.SUB
	E MANGANESE DIOYIDE/CN

L6 1 S E3

E ZINC/CN

L7 1 S E3

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 12:37:45 ON 02 AUG 2007

- L8 240274 S (BATTERY OR BATTERIES OR (ELECTROCHEM? OR ELECTROLY? OR
- L9 25682 S L1 OR BASO4
- L10 16226 S L2 OR BA(W)OH(W)2
- L11 16875 S L3 OR BACO3
- L12 34815 S L4 OR L5 OR BAO
- L13 40383 S L6 OR MNO2
- L14 305280 S L7
- L15 8146 S (ZINC# OR ZN)(2A)(ANOD## OR (NEG# OR NEGATIV?)(A)ELECTR
- L16 55 S L8 AND (L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12) AND L13
- L17 18 S L16 AND L14
- L18 11 S L16 AND L15

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:42:44 ON 02 AUG 2007

E TITANIA/CN

L19 1 S E3

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 12:44:15 ON 02 AUG 2007

- L20 273899 S L19 OR TIO2 OR (TITANIUM# OR TI)(W)(OXIDE# OR DIOXIDE#)
- L21 5 S (L17 OR L18) AND L20